

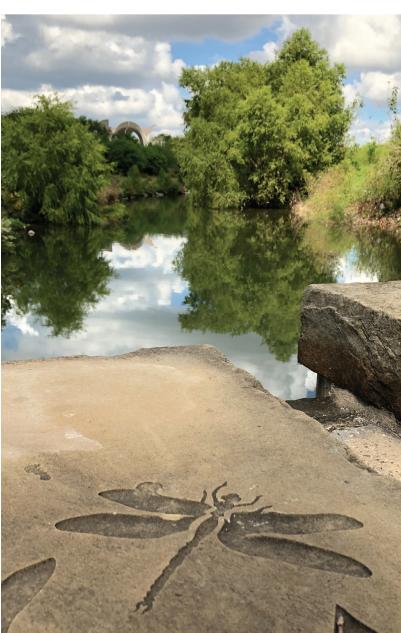
A political subdivision of the State of Texas.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year June 30, 2020









Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2020

PREPARED BY FINANCE DEPARTMENT

SUZANNE B. SCOTT GENERAL MANAGER

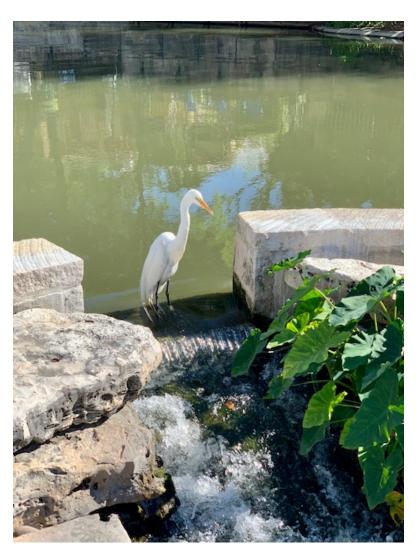
STEPHEN T. GRAHAM ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER

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San Antonio River Walk San Antonio, Bexar County



October 12, 2020

To: Directors of the San Antonio River Authority Citizens of Bexar, Wilson, Karnes and Goliad Counties

The San Antonio River Authority (River Authority) is pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and other reports for the fiscal year ending Michael W. Lackey, P.E. June 30, 2020. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the MEMBERS AT-LARGE completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the River Authority. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the presented data is accurate in all material respects, and it is reported in a manner BOARD OF DIRECTORS designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the River Authority's financial activities have been included.

U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the River Authority provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This Transmittal Letter is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The River Authority's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors in the Financial Section of this report.

These financial statements were audited by Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP an independent accounting firm. As reflected in the independent auditor's report, the River Authority's financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects in accordance with GAAP in the United States.

To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the River Authority has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is **GENERAL MANAGER** designed both to protect the River Authority's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the River Authority's financial statements. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the River Authority's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

This report includes all funds of the River Authority. It also includes all funds of the San Antonio River Industrial Development Authority (SARIDA) and the Public Facilities Corporation (PFC), which are component units of the River Authority.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

CHAIRMAN

Darrell T. Brownlow, Ph.D.

VICE-CHAIR

Jim Campbell

SECRETARY

Lourdes Galvan

TREASURER

Gaylon J. Oehlke James Fuller, M.D.

BEXAR COUNTY

District 1

Jerry G. Gonzales

District 2 Lourdes Galvan

District 3

Michael W. Lackey, P.E.

District 4

Jim Campbell

At-Large

Hector R. Morales **Deb Bolner Prost**

WILSON COUNTY

John J. Flieller

Darrell T. Brownlow, Ph.D.

KARNES COUNTY

H.B. Ruckman, III Gaylon J. Oehlke

GOLIAD COUNTY

James Fuller, M.D. Alicia Lott Cowley

Suzanne B. Scott

The fiscal year 2019-20 audit reflects the expenditures by division and department based on the organizational chart and accounts for expenses related to each division separately. To provide a comparison with previous years' expenditures, the audit reflects the redistribution of responsibilities, staffing and associated expenses to align expenses with the current organizational structure.

BACKGROUND

The San Antonio River Authority is a political subdivision of the State of Texas (Chapter 276, pg. 556, 45th legislature, as amended) and was created in 1937. The district covers 3,677 square miles in Bexar County, Goliad County, Wilson County and Karnes County. The population served totals 2,077,932 (in 2019) with 96 percent of the population residing in Bexar County (2,003,554) and the remaining counties as follows: Wilson at 51,070, Karnes at 15,650 and Goliad at 7,658. The San Antonio River is 250 miles long with 86 miles in Bexar and Wilson counties and 154 miles in Karnes and Goliad counties.



The River Authority is headquartered in the City of San Antonio, within Bexar County, and provides a wide range of services. The agency is mission driven and "Committed to Safe, Clean, Enjoyable Creeks and Rivers." These services fall into several major categories – flood risk management, water resource development, environmental and water quality, wastewater utilities and parks. The River Authority works with local (City of San Antonio, the Edwards Aquifer Authority and Bexar County, as well as others), State (Texas Parks and Wildlife, Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, etc.) and federal (Federal Emergency Management

Agency (FEMA) and U.S. Army Corp of Engineers) and coalitions (such as the Bexar Regional Watershed Management program) to further the mission of the organization. The River Authority performs a variety of functions that support and serve the district to include, actively monitoring streams and river water quality through sampling programs, scientific analysis to use in directing resources and setting priorities, performance of project and construction management services, and monitoring and evaluation of various species in the watershed all the way to the San Antonio Bay.

The River Authority also works with local and state entities to identify and potentially develop new water resources to meet the region's water needs. The utility operation provides wastewater collection and treatment services concentrated in northeastern Bexar County. Utility staff also assists smaller cities and other public entities throughout the district with their wastewater systems' operations and maintenance. The River Authority owns and maintains multiple parks and paddling trails throughout the district that offer citizens recreational and educational opportunities. There are four parks in Bexar County (Confluence Park, River Crossing on the San Antonio River, Mann's Crossing on the Medina River and Truehart Ranch), three in Wilson County (Jackson Nature Park, Helton San Antonio River Nature Park and Graytown Park on the San Antonio River) and one in Goliad County (Branch Nature

Park). The parks and educational programs help increase environmental awareness of the river and its environs. Staff provides maintenance and operations of forty-one dams throughout the district as well as the improved areas of the river walk north and south of downtown (the Museum Reach and the Mission Reach), providing recreational opportunities in the miles-long stretch of hike and bike trails and associated amenities.

In 1961, an ad valorem tax of two cents per one hundred dollars assessed valuation was approved by the River Authority voters and was collected annually across the district at its maximum rate until 1980. The River Authority then did not levy this tax from 1981 through 2001, but in June 2002, the River Authority's Board of Directors, after approval of the five-year service plan, reinstituted the ad valorem property tax at 1.6425 cents per one hundred dollars valuation. Use of this tax revenue is limited to general administration, operation, repair and/or maintenance of completed improvements and updating of the River Authority's master plan for water resource development. Revenues collected from this tax may not be pledged to debt service on any bonds used to construct flood control structures. The adopted tax rate through FY 2019-20 was 1.858 cents per \$100 of appraised valuation. The average tax levied on a homestead at that rate was \$38.00 per year.

The River Authority has had a long-standing partnership with Bexar County to complete flood control improvement projects. In 1951, Bexar County voters authorized an ad valorem levy of up to 15 cents per \$100 in valuation of taxable property for flood control. Bexar County has historically had serious risk of flood and this source of funding is intended to support programs that address this need. A 1955 contract with Bexar County and subsequent amendments have facilitated the River Authority's involvement in flood control improvement projects funded by the County's flood control tax. The River Authority has managed design and construction of several significant projects under this relationship. The County is required to set a tax rate which, at 90 percent current collections, provides revenues at least sufficient to pay each year's requirements for principal and interest of River Authority bonds which were issued to fund flood control improvement projects. The last bond issuance for Bexar County completed by the River Authority was in 2004, though in 2019 a bond refunding was performed that lowered the total debt financing cost for the County and shortened the term of outstanding bonds.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Economic Condition

Bexar County, and the population of San Antonio is a major contributor to the economic position of the district. Throughout the last century, the military and tourism have been the city's economic powerhouse. However, there has been a consistent push to diversify the economy by targeting other

key industries such as cybersecurity, advanced manufacturing, information technology, and financial services. San Antonio has become known as a growing pro-business environment. These efforts and the local business climate have resulted in commitments of employers to do business in the area. Headlined by recent capital investments in manufacturing by Toyota, Aisin, and Navistar.

The downstream counties of the River Authority district, Wilson, Karnes, and Goliad are more rural in nature. Property



An employee at the Toyota Motor Manufacturing Texas Inc. plant in South San Antonio works on the assembly line.

values, to include residential home values, have seen steady moderate growth over the last several years. Major industries that contribute to the local economies are oil and gas, education services, retail services, and health care. Past performance in these areas have benefited the local communities.

The employment opportunities in these industries is supported by the presence of many trade and higher education opportunities. San Antonio's higher education institutions offer a diverse range of studies including sciences, businesses, technology, and the arts, among many others. The roster of major educational institutions includes the University of Texas Health Science Center, the University of Texas at San Antonio, St. Mary's University, Trinity University, University of the Incarnate Word and Texas A&M University-San Antonio.

Outlook

A primary consideration during the fiscal year 2020-21 budget development process, and major component to planning for future fiscal years, are the property valuations throughout the district. The full impact of the economic downturn in response to the pandemic, the simultaneous impact to the oil and gas industries, and general reduction in demand for petroleum products is yet to be determined. Although the recovery for segments of the economy seem to be making progress after poor performance during the first half of 2020, it is anticipated that early 2021 will provide greater visibility into the challenges the district will face. Additionally, the negative economic condition will likely impact the governmental funding partners and the communities served by the River Authority. The consequence of changes in funding resources could potentially delay future programs or adjust priorities. Initial information indicates that the economic impact of the pandemic is already being considered by appraisal districts heading into 2021. Bexar County experienced a record amount of property value protest in 2020. Meanwhile, Karnes County is preparing for a very conservative approach to how mineral values will settle after seeing a 15% decline in the county's total value for 2020. Although both Wilson and Goliad counties reported moderate growth, it is anticipated that appraisal results in 2021 will reflect the economic conditions present through 2020.

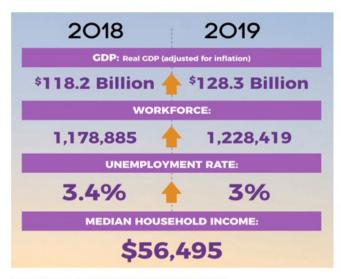


Exhibit 1: SOURCE: https://www.sanantonioedf.com/wpcontent/uploads/2020/07/SAEDF_Annual_Report_2019.pdf

Looking forward, there is hope that past momentum will resume in the form of a quick recovery. Recent results demonstrate that major economic indicators were positive heading into the pandemic. The San Antonio Economic Development Foundation (SAEDF) reported that in 2019 there were over 5,400 jobs recruited to the region and capital investment of over \$1.2 billion dollars. Additionally, several major economic indicators are trending positively (Exhibit 1). Additionally, recent 2020 second quarter results show that the local economies did not come to a complete halt as non-essential businesses were required to close.

According to the Texas A&M Real Estate Center, the

residential housing market is rebounding well, there are indications of increased global demand for oil, and unemployment claims have decreased as compared to February and March results (Exhibit 2). All of these could serve as positive indicators of what to expect in the near term.



Exhibit 2: Source:https://www.recenter.tamu.edu/articles/technical-report/outlook-for-the-texas-economy, August 19,2020

It is well documented that Texas and San Antonio are expected to experience significant growth in the future. San Antonio population growth was identified as ranked second largest in the nation in May 2020 by the San Antonio Express News. Providing for services and infrastructure to accommodate this type growth will certainly be a challenge faced across the state. The impact of growth is of critical importance to San Antonio and the River Authority as it will directly affect core services such as flood control, park and trail utilization, and utility services provided. The River Authority is actively involved in conversations with the community to help influence and help mitigate the potential impacts by advocacy for the utilization of low impact development practices. Applying certain best management practices could help mitigate future water quality and flood risks concerns.

The River Authority continues to work towards establishing and building upon public and private partnerships to leverage its resources for the benefit of the district. During fiscal year 2019-20, River Authority staff continued service in project management roles for several major capital improvement projects, to include San Pedro Creek Culture Park and Escondido Creek Parkway. Efforts such as these highlight the River Authority's ability to coordinate and execute across multiple community partners.



Heading into fiscal year 2020-21, several priorities are projects that have spanned multiple fiscal years. Staff is diligently working on projects and other activities focused on Safe, Clean, and Enjoyable Creeks and Rivers. The upcoming fiscal year anticipates the completion of major projects such as the Floodplain Remapping, Predictive Flood Modeling, and Escondido Creek Parkway that were initiated through an accelerated effort in fiscal year 2018-19. As these projects near their respective ends, projects such as Watershed Master Plans, using data

produced through Floodplain Remapping efforts, expansion of both the Salitrillo and Martinez IV wastewater treatment plants, administrative facility improvements, and master planning River Authority park property move to the front burner. Ensuring the proper resources are available for the initial and ongoing responsibilities, where they apply, upon execution is a priority. Continued planning and financial policies have positioned the River Authority to transition many of these activities into operations.

Operationally, the level of service for the River Authority is expanding as a direct result of projects that will successfully finish a phase or close. Highly visible projects such as San Pedro Creek Culture Park phase 1.2 and Escondido Creek Parkway transition from capital to new operation expenditures. Investments in best management projects aimed at addressing water quality impacts of development are planned to evolve to include an operation and maintenance component. Direct interaction with the communities throughout the district via



events, such as the household hazardous waste program, and programs, to include stream restoration

and downstream grant programs, continue to build upon past successes. Finally, the River Authority benefits and relies heavily on technology across all lines of business. Ensuring that the necessary technology is in place and properly renewed over time is key to the success of the organization. Through the budget development process, adequate resources have been identified to support these major initiatives. Looking forward, the FY 2020-21 Adopted Budget is also based on an unchanged tax rate of 1.858 per \$100 of appraised value.

Significant effort has been placed on developing assumptions that will help inform decisions that impact the future financial position of the River Authority. Initial work has been completed toward delivering a five-year forecast for the General Fund, 10-year capital improvement plan and three year rate projections for the utilities enterprise, while meeting fund balance targets and other financial requirements within the fiscal year 2020-21 Adopted budget.

FINANCIAL POLICIES

Bylaws of the River Authority require the Board of Directors to adopt an annual budget which estimates the amount of funds available from all sources and to allocate the amount of funds which may be expended during the forthcoming fiscal year. The responsibility for managing those allocations rests in the River Authority's General Manager. After adoption of the budget by the Board of Directors, the General Manager has full authority to expend within the departmental allocations as outlined in the Budget Order.

The annual budgetary data for governmental fund types included in the financial statements represents the original budget and subsequent amendments as adopted by the River Authority's Board of Directors. A modified accrual basis is used to reflect revenues and expenditures of the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds, except for the SARIDA and the PFC funds. Provisions of the bond orders control the Debt Service Fund and associated reserves. The debt service is funded from General Fund transfers and from flood control tax proceeds (transferred to the debt service fund from the Flood Control Tax Fund supported by Bexar County). The Capital Projects Funds are budgeted annually but are managed by project rather than by fiscal year. Budget control is further outlined in the Budget Order document adopted with the annual detail budget book. Unencumbered operations appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and are re-appropriated for expenditures in the following fiscal year.

Independent Audit

State statutes and revenue bond resolutions require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. In 2019, the River Authority's Fiscal Committee selected the accounting firm Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit was designed to meet the requirements of the federal Single Audit Act of 1984, as amended and related OMB Uniform Guidance and also meet the requirements of the State of Texas Single Audit Circular, issued by the Office of the Governor of the State of Texas. The auditors' report on the general-purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the Financial Section. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the Single Audit Section.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the River Authority for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The River Authority has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last twenty-nine consecutive fiscal years (fiscal years ended June 30, 1991 through 2019). The River Authority believes the current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and will be submitting to GFOA for consideration.

In 2019, the River Authority received awards under the Texas Comptroller's Transparency Stars program which recognizes local governments for going above and beyond in their transparency efforts. The River Authority was awarded the Traditional Finances Transparency Star Award and the Debt Obligations Transparency Star Award, both of which we continue to maintain. In order to meet the requirements for these awards, entities must provide clear and meaningful financial information not only by posting financial documents also through summaries, visualization, downloadable data and other relevant information. To date, the River Authority remains the only river authority to have been awarded both of these Star Awards.

The Government Finance Officers Association has also awarded the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to the River Authority for its 2019/20 budget cycle. This award is designed to encourage state and local governments to prepare budget documents of the very highest quality. The budget documents are required to reflect both the guidelines established by the National Advisory Council on State and Local Budgeting and the GFOA's best practices on budgeting.

Acknowledgments

We wish to express our appreciation to the entire staff of the Finance Department who assisted in the preparation and completion of this report, and to the services offered by Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP. In addition, we would like to thank the Board of Directors for their support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the River Authority and the Fiscal Committee for its role in overseeing the financial reporting and audit processes.

Respectfully submitted,

SUZANNE B. SCOTT General Manager STEPHEN T. GRAHAM, P.E. Assistant General Manager

RICK TREFZER
Director of Support Services



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

San Antonio River Authority Texas

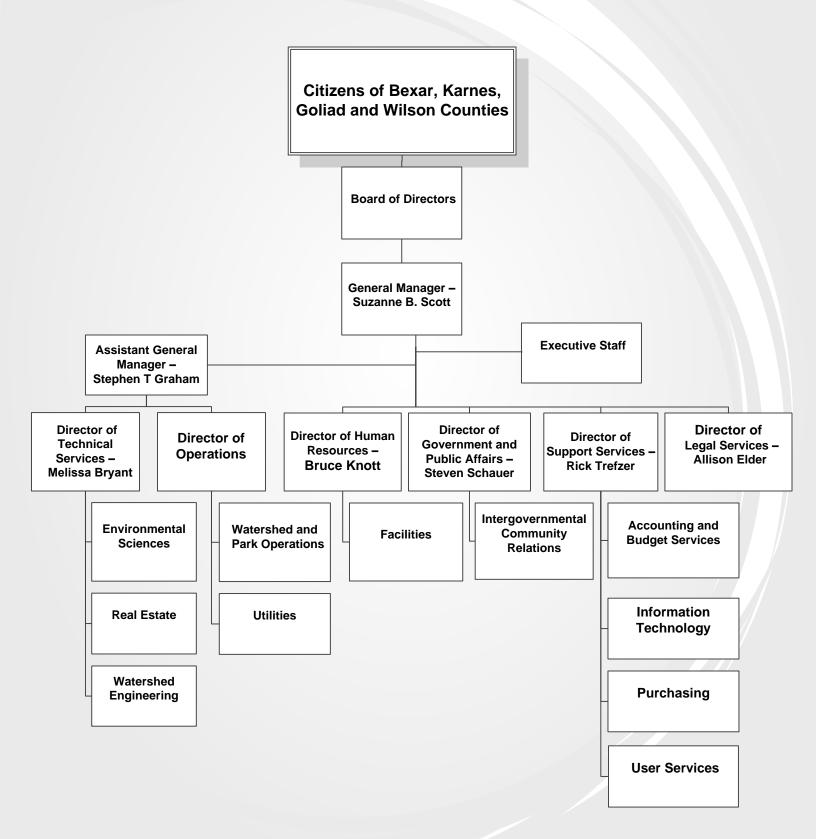
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

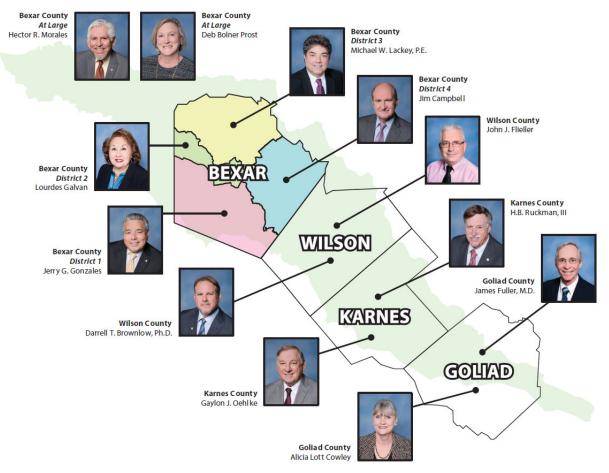
Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





San Antonio River Authority List of Elected Officials and Management



Management

Name	Title
Suzanne B. Scott	General Manager
Stephen T. Graham, P.E.	Assistant General Manager
Allison Elder	Director of Legal Services
Bruce E. Knott, MHR	Director of Human Resources
Melissa Bryant, P.E.	Director of Technical Services
Steven Schauer	Director of Government and Public Affairs
Rick Trefzer, CMA	Director of Support Services
Shaun Donovan	Environmental Sciences Manager
Amy Middleton, P.E.	Utilities Manager
Kristen Hansen	Watershed and Park Operations Manager
Brian Mast	Intergovernmental Manager
Tracy Tafoya	Brand & Public Communications Manager
Kerry Averyt, P.E.	Design & Construction Engineering Manager
Aarin Teague, P.E.	Ecological Engineering Manager
Connie Real	Real Estate Manager
Shawna Arroyo	User Services Manager
Jennifer Crocker, CPA, CMA	Accounting and Budget Services Manager



San Antonio River Falls City, Karnes County



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors San Antonio River Authority San Antonio, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the San Antonio River Authority, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the San Antonio River Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control over financial reporting relevant to the San Antonio River Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the San Antonio River Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the San Antonio River Authority as of June 30, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and other post employment benefits (OPEB) changes in the total other post employment benefit (OPEB) liability and related ratios, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the San Antonio River Authority's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the San Antonio River Authority's basic financial statements. The introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 7, 2020 on our consideration of the San Antonio River Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the San Antonio River Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the San Antonio River Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Baker Tilly US, LLP (formerly known as Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP)

ker Tilly US, LLP

Austin, Texas October 7, 2020

As management of the San Antonio River Authority (the River Authority), we offer to readers of the River Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the River Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1 - 12 of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Assets and deferred outflows of the River Authority exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows
 at June 30, 2020 resulting in a total net position of just over \$650 million. This balance consists
 of cash and non-cash assets so it is important to note that the net investment in capital assets
 (non-cash) is \$577 million. Of the \$650 million net position, \$47 million is unrestricted and may
 be utilized to meet the River Authority's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. (See page
 20 for more details)
- The River Authority's total net position increased by \$33 million from 2019 to 2020 due to revenues exceeding expenses by \$21 million in Governmental funds and \$12 million in Business-type Funds. (See page 21 for more details)
- Total capital assets increased by over \$23 million and liabilities increased by over \$33 million.
 Large capital asset additions include Straus Medina Ranch, Sheridan Street Administration
 Building, Randolph Air Force Base improvements, and San Pedro Creek construction projects.
 The increase in liabilities is a result of bond issuances for the Sheridan Street Administration
 Building and the Salitrillo Wastewater Treatment Plant expansion and improvements. (See
 page 20 for more details)
- The River Authority's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of almost \$36 million, an increase of \$5 million from the prior year. Approximately nine percent (9%), or \$3 million, is unassigned. (See pages 34 and 35 for more details)
- Property tax revenues in the General Fund increased from 2019 to 2020 by over \$2 million and Utility Operating revenues increased almost \$800 thousand dollars both primarily due to budgeted rate increases. (See page 37 and 42 for more details)
- Expenditures in our Business-type Funds increased from 2019 to 2020 by over \$1 million and in our Governmental Funds by over \$7 million. Both increases are primarily due to construction activity and related expenses (professional services) for projects. (See page 21 for more details)

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the River Authority's basic financial statements which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves as well as the single audit required resulting from federal grant expenditures.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u>. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the River Authority's finances, presented in a manner similar to that of a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the River Authority's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the River Authority is improving or declining.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the River Authority's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the River Authority that are principally supported by property tax, reimbursement of expenditures and/or intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the River Authority include general government, operations and technical services. The business-type activities of the River Authority include Utility operations. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 31 - 33 of this report.

<u>Fund financial statements</u>. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The River Authority uses

fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the River Authority can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the River Authority's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the River Authority's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The River Authority maintains 21 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Bexar County Westside Creek, City of San Antonio Westside Creek, Bexar County Flood Tax, Other Capital Projects and San Antonio River Authority Project Fund are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 14 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for



each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Combining Statements and Schedules section of the report. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 34 - 39 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The River Authority maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The River Authority's major enterprise funds are the San Antonio River Authority Wastewater Utilities Systems and the Salitrillo Wastewater Treatment Plant. The Randolph Air Force Base Collection System is presented as a non-major fund.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the River Authority's various functions. The River Authority uses an internal service fund to account for medical, dental and vision benefits to River Authority employees. Services of the internal service fund predominantly benefit governmental functions and are included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The internal service fund is a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 40 - 43 of this report.

<u>Notes to financial statements</u>. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 45 - 74 of this report.

Required supplementary information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the River Authority's General Fund budgetary schedule. The River Authority legally adopts an annual budget for this fund. A budgetary comparison schedule, which includes the original and final amended budget as well as actual figures, have been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Also required as supplementary information is trend information on the River Authority's Other Post Employment Benefit Plans. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 75 - 80 of this report.

Other supplementary information. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules referred to earlier provide information for non-major governmental funds and is presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Budgetary comparison schedules and combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 72-93 of this report.

<u>Statistical Section.</u> The statistical section, found on pages 102 – 120, provides financial trends, revenue information, debt capacity information, as well as demographic and economic information to provide readers more information about the San Antonio River Authority and the communities served.

<u>Single Audit</u>. As a recipient of federal assistance, the San Antonio River Authority is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. The results of the San Antonio River Authority single audit found on pages 129 - 135, for the fiscal year presented, provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or violations of applicable laws and regulations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve as an indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the River Authority, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$650,442,753 at the close of the 2020 fiscal year.

A large portion of the River Authority's net position (88%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., flood control projects, restoration projects, park development, land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The River Authority's capital assets are used in operations to provide services to customers, participants and other governments; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the River Authority's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	e Activities	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Current and other assets	\$ 51,325,050	\$ 41,548,688	\$ 69,065,818	\$ 35,374,855	\$120,390,868	\$ 76,923,543	
Capital assets	566,819,287	543,385,616	52,311,864	52,619,945	619,131,151	596,005,561	
Total assets	618,144,337	584,934,304	121,377,682	87,994,800	739,522,019	672,929,104	
Deferred outflows	705,166	767,405	94,329	104,529	799,495	871,934	
Long-term liabilities	27,276,865	20,378,873	43,026,011	21,577,686	70,302,876	41,956,559	
Other liabilities	16,030,617	11,173,007	3,545,268	3,656,868	19,575,885	14,829,875	
Total liabilities	43,307,482	31,551,880	46,571,279	25,234,554	89,878,761	56,786,434	
Net investment in capital							
assets	541,803,087	521,513,978	35,477,140	32,683,370	577,280,227	554,197,348	
Restricted	7,892,255	4,993,533	18,374,780	13,615,606	26,267,035	18,609,139	
Unrestricted	25,846,679	27,642,317	21,048,812	16,565,799	46,895,491	44,208,116	
Total net position	\$ 575,542,021	\$ 554,149,828	\$ 74,900,732	\$ 62,864,775	\$650,442,753	\$ 617,014,603	

A portion of the River Authority's net position (4%) represents resources that are subject to restrictions for debt service and construction. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position in the amount of \$46,895,491 may be used to meet the River Authority's ongoing liabilities.

At June 30, 2020, the River Authority reported a positive change in the net position for both the Governmental activities and the Business-type activities. The River Authority's net position increased by \$33,428,150.

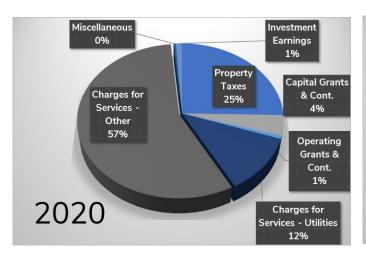
The following table indicates change in net position for governmental and business-type activities:

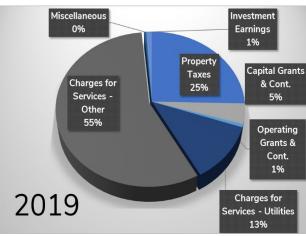
Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019		
Revenues:								
Program Revenues:								
•	\$ 74.871.420	\$ 67.821.369	\$ 16,840,654	\$ 16.074.381	\$ 91.712.074	¢ 02.00E.7E0		
Charges for services	7,,	,,-==,	\$ 10,840,054	\$ 16,074,381	7,,	\$ 83,895,750		
Operating grants & contributions	893,126	937,905	-	-	893,126	937,905		
Capital grants & contributions	-	-	5,706,248	5,765,240	5,706,248	5,765,240		
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes	34,082,100	31,522,683	-	-	34,082,100	31,522,683		
Investment earnings	728,333	1,038,611	693,835	515,278	1,422,168	1,553,889		
Miscellaneous	217,017	317,488	317,948	247,265	534,965	564,753		
Total Revenues	110,791,996	101,638,056	23,558,685	22,602,164	134,350,681	124,240,220		
Expenses:								
General government	29,476,676	23,437,208	-	-	29,476,676	23,437,208		
Operations	46,247,206	45,132,654	13,500,864	12,225,949	59,748,070	57,358,603		
Technical services	10,696,725	10,414,457	-	-	10,696,725	10,414,457		
Interest and other fees	1,001,060	894,349			1,001,060	894,349		
Total expenses	87,421,667	79,878,668	13,500,864	12,225,949	100,922,531	92,104,617		
Change in net position before transfers	23,370,329	21,759,388	10,057,821	10,376,215	33,428,150	32,135,603		
Transfers	(1,978,136)	_	1,978,136					
Change in net position	21,392,193	21,759,388	12,035,957	10,376,215	33,428,150	32,135,603		
Net position, beginning	554,149,828	532,390,440	62,864,775	52,488,560	617,014,603	584,879,000		
Net position - ending	\$ 575,542,021	\$ 554,149,828	\$ 74,900,732	\$ 62,864,775	\$ 650,442,753	\$ 617,014,603		

Below are comparison graphs showing organization wide total revenues by source for the River Authority:

Total Revenues by Source

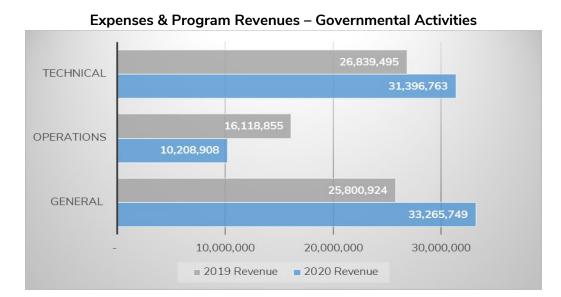


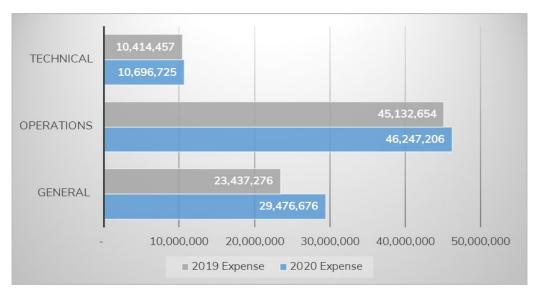




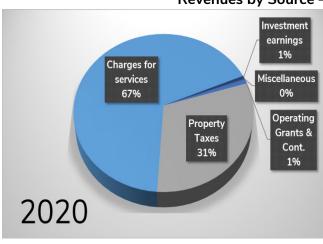
<u>Governmental Activities.</u> The River Authority's Governmental net position increased by \$21,392,193. This increase is attributable to various capital improvements. These projects are mainly funded external funding agreements where the River Authority provides project and construction management services.

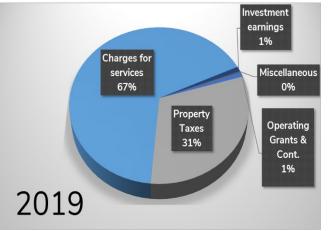
With the implementation of GASB 34, the River Authority shows expenses alongside revenues for each program in the Statement of Activities (see page 33). The programs included in the governmental activities are general government, operations, and technical services.





Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities

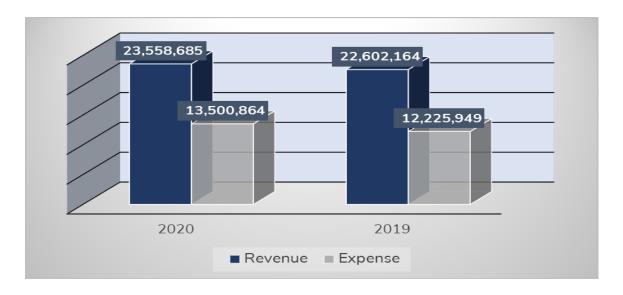




<u>Business-type Activities.</u> The River Authority's major business-type activities are the SARA Wastewater Utilities System and the Salitrillo Wastewater Treatment Plant. These operations are supported by rate and fee schedules adopted by the Board of Directors.

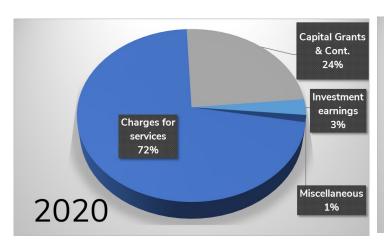
The River Authority's Business-type net position increased by \$12,035,957. With the implementation of GASB 34, the River Authority shows expenses alongside revenues for each program in the Statement of Activities (see page 33). The program in the business-type activities is operations, which are the utility departments.

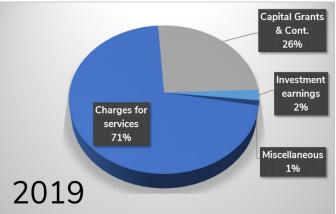
Expenses & Program Revenues – Business-type Activities



The Utilities revenues increased by \$956,521 compared to the 2019 fiscal year and expenses increased by \$1,274,915 for the same period. Effective July 1, 2019 the Board of Directors increased the River Authority Wastewater Systems sewage rates by 5.8% and 16.6% in the Salitrillo Operating Fund.

Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities





FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY'S MAJOR FUNDS

As noted earlier, the River Authority uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the River Authority's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable financial resources. Such information is useful in assessing the River Authority's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the 2020 fiscal year, the River Authority's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$35,928,145, an increase of \$4,962,464 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$32,724,473 constitutes the portion of fund balance that is nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been classified to fund capital projects, encumbrances or to pay debt service. The remaining of \$3,203,672 is unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the River Authority's discretion.

General Fund: The principal fund of the River Authority is the General Fund and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for by another fund. Property taxes, support fees, and charges for services provide the major sources of revenue. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,473,772 compared to \$3,410,600 in 2019, an increase of \$63,172. This increase was primarily due to an increase in Property Taxes Receivable balance at June 30, 2020. Property taxes receivable consists of June taxes collected by our four counties but not remitted as well as taxes collected for July and August since they were assessed for FY20.

Debt Service Fund: The River Authority entered into a contract with Bexar County, Texas (the County) to provide to the River Authority, revenues from a flood control tax levied by the County. The contract provides that the County will set a tax rate which will provide revenues sufficient to pay each year's requirements for principal and interest of River Authority bonds which are payable from the revenues of the County flood control tax. San Antonio Channel Improvement Project (SACIP) Bonds have been issued pledging revenues of the Bexar County flood control tax for retirement of the bonds. In compliance with bond ordinances, the River Authority has met all requirements for maintenance of the Debt Service Fund. The fund balance increased \$169,967 in 2020 due to an increase in flood control tax revenue from Bexar County.

Westside Creek Restoration: Capital project funds, which accounts for improvements to the Westside Creek Restoration project paid by Bexar County and the City of San Antonio. The fund balance decreased \$211,932 due to the timing of billing for expenditures. Total receivables are \$4.5 million.

SARA Project Fund: A capital project fund which accounts for studies and projects that further the mission of the River Authority. Fund balance increased by \$1,216,948 million during the fiscal year due to an additional transfer of \$900,000 late in the year to expedite the facilities acquisition project which



includes the restoration/remodel of the administrative facility purchased in October 2019.

Proprietary funds: The unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the fiscal year was \$25,046,084. Other factors concerning the finances of proprietary funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the River Authority's business-type activities.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General fund. There were no significant differences between the original adopted budget and the final amended budget. Only transfers across functional programs were made within the General Fund but these had no impact to the authorized budget.

The final amended budget and actual revenues and expenditures can be briefly summarized as follows:

- Actual revenues compared to amended budgeted revenue had a 2.5% variance. All sources of revenue performed better than budgeted resulting in \$942,205 of additional revenue for the General Fund.
- Across all departments, expenditures were under budget by \$444,600.

Westside Creeks. Bexar County approved an additional \$85 million in funding for the San Pedro Creek Culture Park project during FY20 increasing the amended budget significantly.

CAPITAL ASSETS & DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Long-term Debt. The River Authority had \$69.5 million and \$44.1 million in bonds at the end of 2020 and 2019, respectively, as shown below:

	2020		2019
SACIP Improvement Revenue Bonds	\$ 15,145,000		\$ 17,880,000
Public Facilities Corporation	12,939,000		2,466,000
SARA Wastewater Utilities System Revenue Bonds	38,035,000		17,405,000
Texas Water Development Bonds	1,770,000		2,195,000
Contract Revenue Bonds	1,650,000		4,115,000
Total	\$ 69,539,000	_	\$ 44,061,000

More detailed information about the River Authority's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 12 of the notes to financial statements.

Capital Assets. The River Authority's investments in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020, was \$619,131,151 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, machinery and equipment, studies, flood control infrastructures, restoration projects, parks, and sewage treatment facilities.

If more detailed information is desired on capital asset activity, please refer to the notes to the financial statements (Note 10).

Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 30,906,248	\$ 30,434,742	\$ 2,478,260	\$ 2,476,944	\$ 33,384,508	\$ 32,911,686	
Water Rights	227,447	227,447	-	-	227,447	227,447	
Construction in progress	147,207,451	112,301,614	4,474,458	2,936,467	151,681,909	115,238,081	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	178,341,146	142,963,803	6,952,718	5,413,411	185,293,864	148,377,214	
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	2,781,837	2,616,543	38,317	38,317	2,820,154	2,654,860	
Other machinery and equipment	7,386,180	6,897,495	4,639,154	4,578,648	12,025,334	11,476,143	
Automobiles and trucks	1,974,762	2,178,644	2,409,523	2,168,776	4,384,285	4,347,420	
Buildings	23,715,409	19,532,173	2,300,976	2,305,735	26,016,385	21,837,908	
Improvements other than buildings	10,706,133	10,698,453	17,470,148	16,916,917	28,176,281	27,615,370	
Studies	2,581,964	2,581,964	422,205	422,205	3,004,169	3,004,169	
Sewage treatment facilities	-	-	69,213,838	69,964,441	69,213,838	69,964,441	
Flood control projects	339,164,871	339,164,871	-	-	339,164,871	339,164,871	
Restoration projects	236,996,307	236,996,307			236,996,307	236,996,307	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	625,307,463	620,666,450	96,494,161	96,395,039	721,801,624	717,061,489	
Accumulated depreciation	(236,829,322)	(220,244,637)	(51,135,015)	(49,188,505)	(287,964,337)	(269,433,142)	
Capital assets, net	\$ 566,819,287	\$ 543,385,616	\$ 52,311,864	\$ 52,619,945	\$ 619,131,151	\$ 596,005,561	

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the River Authority's finances for anyone with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Support Services, 100 East Guenther, San Antonio, Texas 78204



A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE OF TEXAS.

Basic Financial Statements



SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (continued) JUNE 30,2020

	Governmental	Business-type	
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total
Current assets:			
Cash	\$ 3,970,527	\$ 5,239,223	\$ 9,209,750
Investments	31,138,110	10,383,292	41,521,402
Accounts receivable	1,135,544	1,631,007	2,766,551
Intergovernmental receivables	7,030,038	-	7,030,038
Notes receivable	11,795	32,428	44,223
Interest receivable	1,042	-	1,042
Taxes receivable (net of \$495,818 for			
allowance for uncollectible)	1,918,869	-	1,918,869
Internal balances	(3,880,958)	3,880,958	-
Prepaid expenses and other assets	9,989	-	9,989
Restricted assets:			
Accounts receivable	-	256,681	256,681
Investments	9,509,413	2,235,328	11,744,741
Total restricted assets	9,509,413	2,492,009	12,001,422
Total current assets	50,844,369	23,658,917	74,503,286
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets:			
Cash	267,686	2,006,497	2,274,183
Investments	-	42,846,352	42,846,352
Total restricted assets	267,686	44,852,849	45,120,535
Capital assets:			
Land	30,906,248	2,478,260	33,384,508
Water rights	227,447	-	227,447
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	2,781,837	38,317	2,820,154
Other machinery and equipment	7,386,180	4,639,154	12,025,334
Automobiles and trucks	1,974,762	2,409,523	4,384,285
Buildings	23,715,409	2,300,976	26,016,385
Improvements other than buildings	10,706,133	17,470,148	28,176,281
Sewage treatment facilities	-	69,213,838	69,213,838
Studies	2,581,964	422,205	3,004,169
Flood control projects	339,164,871	-	339,164,871
Restoration projects	236,996,307	-	236,996,307
Construction in progress	147,207,451	4,474,458	151,681,909
Less accumulated depreciation	(236,829,322)	(51,135,015)	(287,964,337)
Total capital assets (net of		<u> </u>	
accumulated depreciation)	566,819,287	52,311,864	619,131,151
Preliminary survey and investigation	-	282,519	282,519
Notes receivable	212,995	271,533	484,528
Total noncurrent assets	567,299,968	97,718,765	665,018,733
Total assets	618,144,337	121,377,682	739,522,019
DEFENDED OUTS! OWO	<u> </u>		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	40.000	F 222	24.222
Deferred outflow for OPEB	16,003	5,623	21,626
Deferred loss of bond refunding	689,163	88,706	777,869
Total Deferred outflows of resources:	705,166	94,329	799,495

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30,2020

	Governmental		Business-type		
	 Activities		Activities		Total
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 5,208,641	\$	211,186	\$	5,419,827
Notes payable	-		28,188		28,188
Compensated absences	184,671		38,519		223,190
Other accrued liabilities	523,972		110,094		634,066
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:					
Accounts payable	-		994,142		994,142
Retainage payable	3,404,734		104,973		3,509,707
Unearned revenue - services	2,564,498		-		2,564,498
Accrued interest payable	289,101		393,166		682,267
Bonds payable within one year	 3,855,000		1,665,000		5,520,000
Total current liabilities payable					
from restricted assets	 10,113,333		3,157,281		13,270,614
Total current liabilities	 16,030,617		3,545,268		19,575,885
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Notes payable	-		909,187		909,187
OPEB liability	466,476		163,896		630,372
Compensated absences	738,684		154,076		892,760
Bonds payable after one year	 26,071,705		41,798,852		67,870,557
Total noncurrent liabilities	 27,276,865	-	43,026,011		70,302,876
Total liabilities	 43,307,482		46,571,279		89,878,761
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	541,803,087		35,477,140		577,280,227
Restricted for:					
Debt service	6,274,570		1,842,162		8,116,732
Watershed management	176,196		-		176,196
Construction	902,794		16,532,618		17,435,412
Water management	305,000		-		305,000
TWDB projects	233,695		-		233,695
Unrestricted	 25,846,679		21,048,812		46,895,491
Total net position	\$ 575,542,021	\$	74,900,732	\$	650,442,753

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

							Net (Ex	pense) R	Rever	nue and Change	s in N	et Position
			Program Revenues					Prim	nary Governmen	it		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	•	rating Grants Contributions	•	oital Grants Contributions	Governmen Activities			ısiness-type Activities		Total
Primary government:												
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$ 29,476,676	\$ 33,265,749	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,789,	073	\$	-	\$	3,789,073
Operations	46,247,206	10,208,908		-		-	(36,038,	298)		-		(36,038,298)
Technical services	10,696,725	31,396,763		893,126		-	21,593,	164		-		21,593,164
Interest and other fees	 1,001,060						(1,001,	060)		_		(1,001,060)
Total governmental activities	 87,421,667	74,871,420		893,126		-	(11,657,	<u>121</u>)				(11,657,121)
Business-type activities: Operations:												
Utilities	13,500,864	16,840,654		-		5,706,248		-		9,046,038		9,046,038
Total primary government	\$ 100,922,531	\$ 91,712,074	\$	893,126	\$	5,706,248	(11,657,	121)		-		(2,611,083)
					General R	evenues						
					Property t	axes	34,082,	100		-		34,082,100
					Investmen	nt earnings	728,	333		693,835		1,422,168
					Miscellane	eous	217,	017		317,948		534,965
					Transfers		(1,978,	136)		1,978,136		<u>-</u>
					Total Ge	eneral Revenues	33,049,	314		2,989,919		36,039,233
					Change	in net position	21,392,	193		12,035,957		33,428,150
						on, beginning	554,149,	828		62,864,775		617,014,603
					Net positi	on, ending	\$ 575,542,	021	\$	74,900,732	\$	650,442,753

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS Cash \$ 316,379 \$ 138,504 \$ 209,321 \$ 997/1 (178) (178				Capital Projects Funds						
City of SARA Project Fur				Westside Creek Restoration						
ASSETS Cash \$ 316,379 \$ 138,504 \$ 209,321 \$ 937. Investments 13,880,208 2,331,311 2,173 12,743. Prepaids and other assets 9,989 - 2,210,6490 2,401,488 Notes receivable (net of allowance for uncollectible) 1,042 - 2,201,488 Cash cash cash cash cash cash cash cash c			General						SARA	
Same			Fund	Ве	Bexar County		•	Project Fund		
Same										
Propestments										
Prepaids and other assets 9,989		Ş	·	Ş		\$		Ş	937,035	
Intergovernmental receivables 733,797 2,106,490 2,401,488 Notes receivable 1,042					2,331,311		2,173		12,743,137	
Notes receivable 1,042 - -					-		-		-	
Interest receivable 1,042			•		2,106,490		2,401,488		-	
Taxes receivable (net of allowance for uncollectible)					-		-		-	
Due from other funds of the Authority					-		-		-	
Accounts receivable -	Taxes receivable (net of allowance for uncollectible)		1,918,869		-		-		-	
Cash - restricted	,		53,310		-		-		717,698	
Total assets	Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-	
Total assets	Cash - restricted		-		-		-		-	
CLABILITIES	Investments - restricted		233,695		<u> </u>					
Accounts payable \$ 1,089,991 \$ 2,635,932 \$ 600,045 \$ 358, 828, 828, 828, 828, 828, 828, 828, 8	Total assets	\$	17,372,079	\$	4,576,305	\$	2,612,982	\$	14,397,870	
Accounts payable \$ 1,089,991 \$ 2,635,932 \$ 600,045 \$ 358, 828, 828, 828, 828, 828, 828, 828, 8	LIABILITIES									
Retainage payable - 1,808,345 841,533 155, 155, 155, 155, 155, 155, 155, 155,	Accounts pavable	\$	1.089.991	Ś	2.635.932	Ś	600.045	Ś	358,705	
Due to other funds of the Authority 250,000 - - Other accrued liabilities 523,972 - - Unearned revenue - services 83,136 - 1,441,504 Total liabilities 1,947,099 4,444,277 2,883,082 514,000 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes 1,299,569 - - - FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: - - - - - Prepaid items and other assets 9,989 -		•	_,	-		•		-	155,501	
Other accrued liabilities 523,972 - - Unearned revenue - services 83,136 - 1,441,504 Total liabilities 1,947,099 4,444,277 2,883,082 514,000 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes 1,299,569 - - - FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>250,000</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>			250,000		-		-		-	
Unearned revenue - services 83,136 - 1,441,504 Total liabilities 1,947,099 4,444,277 2,883,082 514,000 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes 1,299,569 - - - FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid items and other assets 9,989 -	•				_		_		_	
Total liabilities 1,947,099 4,444,277 2,883,082 514,					_		1 441 504		_	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,299,569 - -		_	-	_	4 444 277				514,206	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes 1,299,569 - - -	Total habilities		1,547,055	_	7,777,277		2,003,002	_	314,200	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid items and other assets 9,989 Notes receivable, long term portion 212,995 Restricted: Debt service Construction - 132,028 Watershed management Water management TWDB Projects 233,695 Committed: Unrestricted reserve 3,792, Economic development Parks Assigned: Contract commitments 1,284,529 Future operating costs 8,910,431 Projects - 10,090,000										
Nonspendable: Prepaid items and other assets 9,989 - - Notes receivable, long term portion 212,995 - - Restricted: - - - Debt service - - - Construction - 132,028 Watershed management - - - Water management - - - TWDB Projects 233,695 - - Committed: - - - 3,792,7 Economic development - - - 3,792,7 Economic development - - - - 3,792,7 Assigned: -	Unavailable revenue - property taxes		1,299,569							
Prepaid items and other assets 9,989 - - Notes receivable, long term portion 212,995 - - Restricted: - - - Debt service - - - Construction - 132,028 Watershed management - - - Water management - - - TWDB Projects 233,695 - - Committed: - - - 3,792,792,792,792,792,792,792,792,792,792	FUND BALANCES									
Notes receivable, long term portion 212,995 - - Restricted: — - - - Debt service - - - - - Construction - 132,028 -	Nonspendable:									
Notes receivable, long term portion 212,995 - - Restricted: — - - - Debt service - - - - - Construction - 132,028 -	Prepaid items and other assets		9,989		-		_		_	
Restricted: Debt service - <td></td> <td></td> <td>212,995</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td>			212,995		-		_		_	
Construction - 132,028 Watershed management - - - Water management - - - - TWDB Projects 233,695 - - - Committed: - - - 3,792,7 Economic development - - - - - Parks - - - - - - Assigned: - <td< td=""><td>Restricted:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Restricted:									
Watershed management - - - Water management - - - TWDB Projects 233,695 - - Committed: - - - 3,792,7 Economic development - - - - - 3,792,7 Economic development -	Debt service		-		_		_		-	
Water management - 3,792,7 - - - - 3,792,7 - - - - - 3,792,7 - - - - - - 3,792,7 - - - - - 3,792,7 - - - - - - - 3,792,7 -	Construction		-		132,028				_	
Water management - 3,792,7 - - - - 3,792,7 - - - - - 3,792,7 - - - - - - 3,792,7 - - - - - 3,792,7 - - - - - - - 3,792,7 -	Watershed management		-		-		_		_	
TWDB Projects 233,695 - - - - - - - - - 3,792,7 - - 3,792,7 - - - - 3,792,7 -	Water management		-		-		_		_	
Committed: 1 - - 3,792,7 Economic development - - - - Parks - - - - Assigned: - - - - Contract commitments 1,284,529 - - - Future operating costs 8,910,431 - - 10,090,000 Projects - - - 10,090,000	_		233,695		_		_		_	
Unrestricted reserve - - - 3,792,792,793,792,793,792,793,792,793,792,793,792,793,792,793,792,793,793,792,793,792,793,792,793,792,793,793,793,793,793,793,793,793,793,793	-		•							
Economic development -			_		_		_		3,792,737	
Parks - <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>-,,</td>			_		_		_		-,,	
Assigned: 1,284,529 - - Contract commitments 1,284,529 - - Future operating costs 8,910,431 - - Projects - - - 10,090,0	•		_		_		_		_	
Contract commitments 1,284,529 - - Future operating costs 8,910,431 - - Projects - - - 10,090,0										
Future operating costs 8,910,431 - - 10,090,400 Projects - - - 10,090,400	-		1 284 529		_		-		_	
Projects 10,090,					_				_	
			0,510,451		_		_		10 000 027	
Unaccianed (deficit) 2 473 772 (270 100)	Unassigned (deficit)		3,473,772		_		(270,100)		10,090,927	
		_	_		-			_		
Total fund balances (deficit) 14,125,411 132,028 (270,100) 13,883,	l otal fund balances (deficit)	_	14,125,411		132,028		(2/0,100)	_	13,883,664	
Total liabilities deferred inflows of resources	Total liabilities deferred inflows of resources									
and fund balances <u>\$ 17,372,079</u> <u>\$ 4,576,305</u> <u>\$ 2,612,982</u> <u>\$ 14,397,</u>	and fund balances	\$	17,372,079	\$	4,576,305	\$	2,612,982	\$	14,397,870	

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Capital Projects Funds									
		r County ood Tax	Other Capital Projects		Debt Service		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS										
Cash	\$	133,616	\$	-	\$	-	\$	728,818	\$	2,463,673
Investments	·	514,776		-		507,353		234,716		30,213,674
Prepaids and other assets		_		-		_		-		9,989
Intergovernmental receivables		_		-		158,246		1,630,017		7,030,038
Notes receivable		_		_		-		-		224,790
Interest receivable		_		-		_		-		1,042
Taxes receivable (net of allowance for uncollectible)		_		-		_		-		1,918,869
Due from other funds of the Authority		_		-		_		452,045		1,223,053
Accounts receivable		-		1,132,216		-		-		1,132,216
Cash - restricted		-		-		-		267,686		267,686
Investments - restricted		-		-		5,531,241		3,744,477		9,509,413
Total assets	\$	648,392	\$	1,132,216	\$	6,196,840	\$	7,057,759	\$	53,994,443
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	425	\$	152,532	\$	_	\$	331,884	\$	5,169,514
Retainage payable		_		300,130		-		299,225		3,404,734
Due to other funds of the Authority		-		467,698		3,552,017		834,296		5,104,011
Other accrued liabilities		_		-		_		-		523,972
Unearned revenue - services		627,399		-		-		412,459		2,564,498
Total liabilities		627,824		920,360		3,552,017		1,877,864		16,766,729
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes				<u>-</u>					_	1,299,569
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items and other assets		-		-		-		-		9,989
Notes receivable, long term portion		-		-		-		-		212,995
Restricted:										
Debt service		-		-		2,644,823		3,918,848		6,563,671
Construction		20,568		211,856		-		538,342		902,794
Watershed management		-		-		-		176,196		176,196
Water management		-		-		-		305,000		305,000
TWDB Projects		-		-		-		-		233,695
Committed:										
Unrestricted reserve		-		-		-		-		3,792,737
Economic development		-		-		-		4,688		4,688
Parks		-		-		-		236,821		236,821
Assigned:										
Contract commitments		-		-		-		-		1,284,529
Future operating costs		-		-		-		-		8,910,431
Projects		-		-		-		-		10,090,927
Unassigned (deficit)						<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		3,203,672
Total fund balances (deficit)		20,568		211,856		2,644,823		5,179,895	_	35,928,145
Total liabilities deferred inflows of resources										
and fund balances	\$	648,392	\$	1,132,216	\$	6,196,840	\$	7,057,759	\$	53,994,443

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 35,928,145
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different	
because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported in the funds.	566,819,287
reported in the funds.	300,013,207
Other long-term assets (taxes receivable, net of \$495,818 allowance) are not available to pay	
for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	1,299,569
Other postemployment benefit liabilities and deferred outflows of resources.	(450,473)
Compensated absences are only recognized upon maturing, therefore are not reported in the	
funds.	(923,355)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual	
funds. Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds; therefore, the	
assets and liabilities of this fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net	
position.	2,395,491
Long-term liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and	
therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Bonds payable	(29,854,000)
Accrued interest	(289,101)
Issuance premium (to be amortized as interest expense)	(247,731)
Issuance discount (to be amortized as interest expense)	175,026
Deferred loss on bond refunding (to be amortized as interest expense)	689,163
Net excition of any amount of activities	Ć E7E E42 024
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 575,542,021

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Capital Projects Funds							
		Westside Cre	Vestside Creek Restoration					
			City of	SARA	Bexar County			
	General	Bexar County	San Antonio	Project Fund	Flood Tax			
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 34,082,100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Investment earnings	618,947	19,760	2,173	-	26,314			
Intergovernmental	526,250	26,128,492	7,654,285	-	25,745,752			
Charges for services	551,112	-	-	-	-			
Support fees	1,939,977	-	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous	170,181							
Total Revenues	37,888,567	26,148,252	7,656,458		25,772,066			
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	13,428,022	-	-	-	-			
Operations	7,418,711	538,279	3,235,901	4,028,457	25,894,380			
Technical services	7,676,547	285,987	-	-	-			
Debt Service:								
Bond principal	-	-	-	-	-			
Interest and fees on bonds	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital Outlay:								
Capital projects	-	-	-	1,943,305	-			
General government	710,192	-	-	-	-			
Operations	23,151	-	4,652,250	-	-			
Technical services	126,532	25,304,225						
Total expenditures	29,383,155	26,128,491	7,888,151	5,971,762	25,894,380			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	8,505,412	19,761	(231,693)	(5,971,762)	(122,314)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	54,251	-	-	7,188,710	-			
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	-	-	-			
Transfers out	(7,882,102)		<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _				
Total other financing sources and (uses)	(7,827,851)			7,188,710				
Net change in fund balances	677,561	19,761	(231,693)	1,216,948	(122,314)			
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning	13,447,850	112,267	(38,407)	12,666,716	142,882			
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	\$ 14,125,411	\$ 132,028	\$ (270,100)	\$ 13,883,664	\$ 20,568			

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Capital Projects Funds			
	Oll		Other	Total
	Other Capital Projects	Debt Service	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
REVENUES	Capital i Tojects	Debt Service	Tulius	1 unus
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,082,100
Investment earnings	-	8,316	34,648	710,158
Intergovernmental	1,730,679	3,117,635	4,231,757	69,134,850
Charges for services	-	-	250,557	801,669
Support fees	-	-	-	1,939,977
Miscellaneous			46,836	217,017
Total Revenues	1,730,679	3,125,951	4,563,798	106,885,771
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	16,964	62,985	13,507,971
Operations	60,144	-	1,300,803	42,476,675
Technical services	774	-	2,000,102	9,963,410
Debt Service:		2.100.000	127.000	2 207 000
Bond principal	-	3,160,000	127,000	3,287,000
Interest and fees on bonds	-	371,994	458,165	830,159
Capital Outlay:			4.054.440	2 007 75 4
Capital projects	-	-	1,954,449	3,897,754
General government	-	-	-	710,192
Operations Technical services	1 660 761	-	4,090,091	8,765,492
	1,669,761		6,000	27,106,518
Total expenditures	1,730,679	3,548,958	9,999,595	110,545,171
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures		(423,007)	(5,435,797)	(3,659,400)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	592,974	132,692	7,968,627
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	10,600,000	10,600,000
Transfers out			(2,064,661)	(9,946,763)
Total other financing sources and (uses)		592,974	8,668,031	8,621,864
Net change in fund balances		169,967	3,232,234	4,962,464
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning	211,856	2,474,856	1,947,661	30,965,681
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	\$ 211,856	\$ 2,644,823	\$ 5,179,895	\$ 35,928,145

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 4,962,464

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide statements

40,479,956

Capital addition not recorded in capital outlay

92,067

Depreciation/amortization is reported in the government-wide statements

(17,100,237)

Net book value of assets retired

(38,115)

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions (i.e., sales, trade-ins and transfer of assets) involving capital assets is to decrease net position.

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 123,103

Other postemployment benefit liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. (126,814)

Compensated absences are only recognized upon maturing, therefore are not reported in the funds. (83,020)

Bond and capital lease proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Payment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas some of these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Issuance of bonds payable	(10,600,000)
Bond principal payments	3,287,000
Accrued interest	(117,998)
Amortization of bond premium	17,947
Amortization of bond discount	(14,691)
Amortization of loss on refunding	(56,160)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds; therefore, the net expense of this fund is reported with governmental activities.

566,691

Change in net position of governmental activities \$21,392,193

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-	Гуре Activities - Ent	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities	
	SARA Wastewater	Salitrillo Wastewater	Nonmajor Fund Randolph AFB	Enterprise Fund	Internal Service
	Utilities System	Treatment Plant	Collection System	Total	Fund
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash	\$ 2,247,720	\$ 515,095	\$ 2,476,408	\$ 5,239,223	\$ 1,506,854
Investments	10,310,976	72,316	-	10,383,292	924,436
Accounts receivable	1,060,775	509,168	61,064	1,631,007	3,328
Due from other funds of the Authority	328,941	3,552,017	-	3,880,958	-
Notes receivable	32,428	-	-	32,428	-
Restricted assets:					
Accounts receivable	81,126	-	175,555	256,681	-
Investments	1,473,629	761,699		2,235,328	
Total restricted assets	1,554,755	761,699	175,555	2,492,009	<u> </u>
Total current assets	15,535,595	5,410,295	2,713,027	23,658,917	2,434,618
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets:					
Cash	-	2,006,497	-	2,006,497	-
Investments	14,612,621	28,233,731		42,846,352	<u> </u>
Total noncurrent restricted assets	14,612,621	30,240,228	-	44,852,849	-
Capital assets:					
Land	2,347,661	130,599	-	2,478,260	-
Office furniture, fixtures, and equipment	31,492	6,825	-	38,317	-
Other machinery and equipment	2,145,879	2,373,501	119,774	4,639,154	-
Automobiles and trucks	1,562,869	846,654	-	2,409,523	-
Studies	27,917	57,369	336,919	422,205	-
Buildings	2,249,334	51,642	-	2,300,976	-
Improvements other than buildings	8,187,607	5,566,674	3,715,867	17,470,148	-
Sewage treatment facilities	44,076,190	23,728,124	1,409,524	69,213,838	-
Construction in progress	4,300,357	174,101	-	4,474,458	-
Less accumulated depreciation	(28,947,819)	(20,631,882)	(1,555,314)	(51,135,015)	
Total capital assets (net of					
accumulated depreciation)	35,981,487	12,303,607	4,026,770	52,311,864	-
Preliminary survey and investigation	-	282,519	-	282,519	-
Notes receivable	271,533			271,533	
Total noncurrent assets	50,865,641	42,826,354	4,026,770	97,718,765	
Total assets	66,401,236	48,236,649	6,739,797	121,377,682	2,434,618
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Deferred outflow for OPEB	3,936	1,687	-	5,623	-
Deferred loss of bond refunding	<u>88,706</u>	_	<u>-</u> _	88,706	
Total Deferred outflows of resources:	92,642	1,687		94,329	
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 66,493,878	\$ 48,238,336	\$ 6,739,797	\$ 121,472,011	\$ 2,434,618

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

				Business-Type	Governmental	
	Business-	Type Activities - Ent	Activities	Activities		
	SARA	Salitrillo	Nonmajor Fund	Enterprise	Internal Service Fund	
	Wastewater	Wastewater	Randolph AFB	Fund		
	Utilities System	Treatment Plant	Collection System	Total		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 134,318	\$ 76,719	\$ 149	\$ 211,186	\$ 39,127	
Notes payable	\$ 134,310	\$ 70,719	28,188	28,188	\$ 39,127	
Compensated absences	26,963	11,556	20,100	38,519	<u>-</u>	
Other accrued liabilities	81,394	28,700	-	110,094	_	
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:	•	26,700	-	110,094	-	
Accounts payable	841,311	152,831		994,142		
Retainage payable	60,602	9,984	34,387	104,973	_	
Accrued interest payable	193,305	199,861	54,567	393,166	_	
Bonds payable within one year	1,280,000	385,000	_	1,665,000	_	
, ,	1,200,000	303,000		1,005,000		
Total current liabilities payable from	2 275 210	7.47.676	24.207	2 157 201		
restricted assets	2,375,218	747,676	34,387	3,157,281		
Total current liabilities	2,617,893	864,651	62,724	3,545,268	39,127	
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Notes payable	-	-	909,187	909,187	-	
OPEB liability	114,727	49,169	-	163,896	-	
Compensated absences	107,854	46,222	-	154,076	-	
Revenue bonds payable after one year	15,223,206	26,575,646		41,798,852		
Total noncurrent liabilities	15,445,787	26,671,037	909,187	43,026,011		
Total liabilities	18,063,680	27,535,688	971,911	46,571,279	39,127	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	22,203,764	10,183,981	3,089,395	35,477,140	-	
Restricted for debt service	1,280,324	561,838	-,,200	1,842,162	-	
Restricted for construction	11,155,057	5,236,393	141,168	16,532,618	-	
Unrestricted	13,791,053	4,720,436	2,537,323	21,048,812	2,395,491	
Total net position	\$ 48,430,198	\$ 20,702,648	\$ 5,767,886	\$ 74,900,732	\$ 2,395,491	

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities	
	SARA Wastewater Utilities System	Salitrillo Wastewater Treatment Plant	Nonmajor Fund Randolph AFB Collection System	Enterprise Fund Total	Internal Service Fund	
Operating revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 429,647	\$ 405,171	\$ -	\$ 834,818	\$ -	
Utility service charges	10,273,155	5,121,446	393,200	15,787,801	-	
Charges for services	218,035	-	-	218,035	-	
Premiums	-	-	-	-	3,744,060	
Miscellaneous	310,479		7,469	317,948	20,888	
Total operating revenues	11,231,316	5,526,617	400,669	17,158,602	3,764,948	
Operating expenses:						
Personnel services	2,218,755	1,136,921	-	3,355,676	-	
Supplies	424,168	241,445	1,303	666,916	-	
Other services & charges	3,354,986	2,004,981	252,289	5,612,256	3,216,432	
Depreciation	1,631,956	996,165	129,394	2,757,515		
Total operating expenses	7,629,865	4,379,512	382,986	12,392,363	3,216,432	
Operating income	3,601,451	1,147,105	17,683	4,766,239	548,516	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Investment earnings	339,538	327,816	26,481	693,835	18,175	
Net gain (loss) on sale/disposal of capital assets	(133,539)	(2,994)	-	(136,533)	-	
Interest expense	(362,589)	(270,692)	-	(633,281)	-	
Bond issuance and agent fees	(4,750)	(333,937)		(338,687)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)						
before contributions and transfers	(161,340)	(279,807)	26,481	(414,666)	18,175	
Contributions and Transfers						
Transfers in	-	1,978,136	-	1,978,136	-	
Contributed capital	4,242,123	440,100	1,024,025	5,706,248		
Change in net position	7,682,234	3,285,534	1,068,189	12,035,957	566,691	
Net position, beginning	40,747,964	17,417,114	4,699,697	62,864,775	1,828,800	
Net position, ending	\$ 48,430,198	\$ 20,702,648	\$ 5,767,886	\$ 74,900,732	\$ 2,395,491	

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds		Business-Type Activities		Governmental Activities			
	SARA		урсти	Salitrillo	Nonmajor Fund		Enterprise		Internal
	\	Wastewater		Vastewater	Randolph AFB		Fund		Service
		ilities System		eatment Plant	Collection System		Total	Fund	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Receipts from customers and users	\$	12,869,864	\$	3,004,964	\$ 280,233	\$	16,155,061	\$	4,164,948
Payments to suppliers		(4,219,973)		(2,545,246)	(27,463)		(6,792,682)		(3,181,835)
Payments to employees		(1,777,743)		(846,747)	(233,639)		(2,858,129)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating									
activities		6,872,148		(387,029)	19,131	_	6,504,250		983,113
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND									
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Capital contributions		4,254,342		440,100	1,024,025		5,718,467		-
Principal paid on capital debt		(1,255,000)		(487,000)	(28,188)		(1,770,188)		-
Proceeds from debt		-		21,885,000	-		21,885,000		-
Premium on debt		-		3,448,636	-		3,448,636		-
Interest and fees paid on capital debt		(416,847)		(521,580)	-		(938,427)		-
Proceeds from sale of asset		150,000		-	-		150,000		-
Purchases of capital assets		(2,409,919)		(555,033)	(309,499)		(3,274,451)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and									
related financing activities		322,576		24,210,123	686,338	_	25,219,037	_	<u>-</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES									
Proceeds from sales and maturities of									
investments		8,202,723		2,500,000	589,640		11,292,363		-
Purchase of investments		-		(758,743)	-		(758,743)		(200,000)
Interest on investments		351,811		327,816	26,481	_	706,108		18,175
Net cash provided (used) by investing									
activities		8,554,534		2,069,073	616,121		11,239,728	_	(181,825)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		15,749,258		25,892,167	1,321,590		42,963,015		801,288
Cash and cash equivalents - July 1		2,820,949		789,400	1,154,818	_	4,765,167		723,741
Cash and cash equivalents - June 30	\$	18,570,207	\$	26,681,567	\$ 2,476,408	\$	47,728,182	\$	1,525,029
Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities									
Amoritization	\$	34,102	\$	22,991	-	\$	57,093		-
Bond proceeds used in refunding debt		-		1,650,000	-		1,650,000		-
Payoff of debt for Non Major Special Revenue Fund		-		3,845,000	-		3,845,000		-

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Wastewater Wastewater				Fund		Activities			
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:										
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	Ś	3,601,451	ċ	1,147,105	¢	17,683	ċ	4,766,239	ć	548,516
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	<u> </u>	3,001,451	\$	1,147,105	\$	17,003	\$	4,766,239	\$	340,310
net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in operating assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities:		1,631,956		996,165		129,394		2,757,515		-
Receivables		1.638.548		(2,521,653)		(120,436)		(1,003,541)		400.000
Accounts payable		(85,073)		(2,521,653)		(41)		(1,003,541)		34,597
Other accrued liabilities		54.077		19.546		(7,469)		66.154		54,597
Post employment retirement benefit		29.694		12,726		(7,405)		42,420		
OPEB related deferrals and liabilities		1.495		641		_		2.136		_
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	6,872,148	\$	(387,029)	\$	19,131	\$	6,504,250	\$	983,113
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to Statements										
of Net Position accounts:										
Cash and Investments	\$	13,692,658	\$	1,399,634	\$	2,476,408	\$	17,568,700	\$	2,431,290
Debt service account		1,473,629		761,699		-		2,235,328		-
Reserve account		1,502,815		-		-		1,502,815		-
Connection fee account		11,975,844		1,401,916		-		13,377,760		-
Impact fee account Construction account		-		3,997,292 24,028,797		-		3,997,292 24,028,797		-
	<u> </u>	-	<u></u>		_	2 470 400	<u></u>		_	2 424 200
Total Cash and Investments Less: Noncash Equivalents	\$	28,644,946 (10,074,739)	\$	31,589,338 (4,907,771)	\$	2,476,408	\$	62,710,692 (14,982,510)	\$	2,431,290 (906,261)
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	18,570,207	\$	26,681,567	\$	2,476,408	\$	47,728,182	\$	1,525,029
·					<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	



Martinez II Wastewater Treatment Plant Converse, Bexar County

1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The San Antonio River Authority (the River Authority) was created and established in 1937 by a Special Act of the Texas Legislature. This Act, as amended and added to by subsequent legislation, is codified under Article 8280-119, Vernon's Revised Civil Statutes of Texas, Title 128, Chapter 12.

The River Authority is a conservation and reclamation district under the authority of Article 16, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution, and is declared to be "a governmental agency, a municipality, body politic and corporate, vested with all the authority and full sovereignty of the State, in behalf of the State, insofar as intended by this Act and with the authority to exercise the powers, rights, privileges and functions hereinafter specified." The legislated responsibilities of the River Authority include flood and pollution control, sewage treatment, water and soil conservation, fish preservation, and forestation development. The River Authority's territory comprises all of Bexar, Wilson, Karnes, and Goliad Counties, being substantially all of the natural drainage area of the San Antonio River and its tributaries. A twelve-member elected board of directors governs the River Authority.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the government and its blended component units; entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the government's operations, and data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. A discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, would be reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. The River Authority has two blended component units with June 30 fiscal year-ends. The River Authority has no discretely presented component units. Financial statements of these component units can be obtained by contacting the River Authority.

Blended Component Units

The San Antonio River Industrial Development Authority (SARIDA) is an industrial development corporation organized under Texas law to promote industrial growth within the four-county area serviced by the River Authority by furnishing eligible applicants financial assistance through the sale of tax-free industrial development bonds. The governing body (Board of Directors), for the SARIDA is substantially the same as the River Authority's Board of Directors, since the River Authority's Board of Directors appoints officers and staff of the River Authority to SARIDA's board.

SARIDA has no direct or contingent liability for these bonds. Net position and revenues of SARIDA must ultimately be transferred to the River Authority by resolution of the directors of SARIDA. SARIDA primarily services the River Authority. SARIDA is reported as a special revenue fund.

The Public Facilities Corporation (PFC) was created as a nonprofit entity to purchase a facility for additional office/lab space. The PFC is governed by the San Antonio River Authority Board of Directors and the River Authority staff provides the staff support. The PFC is reported as a special revenue fund.

In a prior year, the PFC issued bonds and entered into a lease agreement with the River Authority which occupies the property. The lease payments from the River Authority to the PFC represent and are equal to the debt service payments on the bonds. The lease payments are operations & maintenance expense to the River Authority and do not require the River Authority to pledge any revenue to the bondholders; however, the PFC deeded a mortgage on the property to provide security for the bond holders.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the River Authority as a whole. These statements include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Governmental activities are generally financed through intergovernmental revenues and reimbursements from participants. Business-type activities are financed by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reported on a full accrual basis of accounting and the economic resource measurement focus, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the River Authority and for each function of the River Authority's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The River Authority has certain indirect costs that are included in the program expense reported for individual function and activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and grants that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, such as property taxes and investment earnings, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the River Authority are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/ expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the River Authority or meets the following criteria:

- a) Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise funds are at least ten percent (10%) of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b) Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental and enterprise funds are at least five percent (5%) of the corresponding total for all governmental and business-type activities combined.
- c) In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the River Authority believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Non-major funds are presented in the aggregate in the fund-based financial statements and individually in the Other Supplementary Information - Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules section of this report.

Governmental funds are used to account for the River Authority's general government activities. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

The River Authority considers ad valorem taxes as available, if they are collected within sixty (60) days after yearend. Expenditures are recorded when the fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal on long-term debt which is recorded when payment is due.

Major governmental funds include the following:

The General Fund is the River Authority's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Westside Creek Restoration/Bexar County is a capital project fund which accounts for improvements to the Westside Creek Restoration project paid by Bexar County.

The Westside Creek Restoration/City of San Antonio is a capital project fund which accounts for capital projects in the Westside Creek area which includes the Linear Creekways and Elmendorf Lake Park and Drainage.

The SARA Project Fund is a capital project fund which accounts for studies and projects that further the mission of the River Authority.

The Bexar County Flood Tax Fund is a capital project fund which accounts for the acquisition of capital assets for construction and is funded with flood tax received by Bexar County.

The Other Capital Projects Fund is a capital project fund which accounts for expenditures for projects funded with other public entities.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for resources to pay principal and interest on long-term debt for non-enterprise system capital improvement projects. Revenues come from the River Authority's portion of the Bexar County flood control property tax revenue and from the General Fund.

Non-major governmental funds of the River Authority are comprised of multiple special revenue and capital project funds.

Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the

time liabilities are incurred. Proprietary funds of the River Authority consist of enterprise funds and an internal service fund.

Major enterprise funds include the following:

The SARA Wastewater Utilities Systems Fund is the River Authority's primary enterprise fund. It accounts for the activities of wastewater treatment systems for residential and business customers outside the jurisdiction of the City of San Antonio, Texas but within the San Antonio River Authority's watershed.

The Salitrillo Wastewater Treatment Plant Fund accounts for the wastewater treatment plant activities for wholesale customers.

The non-major enterprise fund of the River Authority is the Randolph AFB Fund.

The Internal Service Fund is used to account for medical, dental and vision benefits to River Authority employees, participating dependents, and eligible retirees on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting; consistent with the presentation of the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Support fees are recognized annually and received from River Authority proprietary type funds based on what is budgeted. Contribution revenues primarily consist of property donations and are recognized when the property is deeded over to the River Authority.

Government fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the River Authority considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the River Authority.

The accounts of the River Authority are organized and operated on the basis of Funds. A Fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal

and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the River Authority's utility functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges for services which represent charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the River Authority's enterprise funds are charges to customers for water and wastewater services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of service, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash, and cash equivalents have original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments for the River Authority are stated at fair value. The fair value framework uses a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to the valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the River Authority has the ability to access.

Level 2 - Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets.

- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The valuation methodologies described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable values or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the River Authority believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with those of other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified.

Assets restricted for the acquisition of capital assets or to pay noncurrent liabilities are reported as noncurrent assets in the balance sheet regardless of their relative liquidity.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue – services are monies received in advance from partnering entities for construction projects that the River Authority is managing. These funds are recognized as construction progresses.

Contributed Capital

Capital assets that have been funded or contributed by other governmental entities and developers (connection fees) are recorded as contributed capital at the time it is recognized.

Preliminary Survey and Investigation

The balance represents initial project engineering costs related to utility plant construction. The balance will be capitalized upon commencement of the project.

Net Position

Net position represents the residual difference of assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated

depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances, net of any premiums and discounts, of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds.

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position represents the remaining portion of net position.

Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds. All purchased capital assets over \$5,000 are capitalized at cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Assets acquired are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. Records of all capital assets, including these infrastructure capital assets, are maintained for both management and accountability purposes.

Depreciation of capital assets is charged as an expense against operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is generally recorded on the straight-line basis over the estimated life of the assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Asset Class	Life
Office furniture, fixtures, equipment, and software	3 – 10 years
Other machinery and equipment	5 – 20 years
Automobiles and trucks	3 – 10 years
Buildings	10 – 30 years
Improvements other than buildings	5 – 30 years
Sewage treatment facilities	10 – 50 years
Water treatment facilities	10 – 50 years
Studies	3 years
Flood control infrastructures	10 – 50 years
Restoration projects	10 – 50 years

Ad Valorem Tax

In 1961, an ad valorem tax of two cents per one hundred dollars assessed valuation was approved by River Authority voters and was collected annually at its maximum rate by the tax collector of each county. Effective July 1, 1977, the tax was reduced to one and one-half cents per one hundred dollars, and effective July 1, 1979; the tax was further reduced to one cent per one hundred dollars valuation by action of the River Authority. Use of this tax income is limited to general administration, maintenance of completed projects, and updating of the River Authority's master plan for water resource development. This tax revenue may not be pledged to debt service on any bonds nor may it be used to construct works of improvement. No tax was levied for fiscal year 1981 and subsequent years. In June 2002, the River Authority's Board of Directors, after approval of the five year service plan, reinstated the ad valorem tax in the amount of \$0.016425 per one hundred dollars valuation. The tax rate for fiscal year 2020 was \$0.01858 per one hundred dollars valuation. The service areas to address were flood control, water resources, water quality, utilities and park services. Property taxes are levied each October 1 on the taxable value as of the preceding January 1, the date a lien attaches, for all real and personal property located in the River Authority's territory. Taxes are due by January 31 following the October 1 assessment date and become delinquent on February 1, at which time they begin accruing penalty and interest.

Taxes/Accounts receivable

Tax receivables have been shown net of an allowance of uncollectible accounts of \$495,818, based on historical trends. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for bad debt charged to earnings. Losses are charged against the allowance using specific identification method when management believes it is probable the receivable will be recovered. As of June 30, 2020, management determined accounts receivable to be fully collectible.

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other obligations are reported as the River Authority's liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts, are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Gains or losses on prior refundings are amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. The balance at year end for premiums and discounts is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position. The balance at year end for the loss on refunding is shown as a deferred outflow in the statement of net position.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, the River Authority's plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms.

Budgetary Information

By-laws of the River Authority require the Board of Directors to adopt an annual budget which estimates the amount of funds available from all sources and to allocate the amount of funds which may be expended during the forthcoming fiscal year. The responsibility for such allocations rests in the General Manager of the River

Authority. After adoption of the allocations by the Board of Directors, the General Manager has full authority to expend within the fund allocations, which becomes the appropriation level. In practice, the General Manager submits all changes in total by fund to the Board for its approval. The annual budgetary data for governmental fund types included in the financial statements represents the original budget and amendments as adopted by the Board of Directors of the River Authority and is on the same modified accrual basis used to reflect revenues and expenditures of the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Provisions of the bond orders and appropriated transfers from the General Fund control the Debt Service Fund. An annual budget has not been formally adopted for the Capital Project Funds as these funds are budgeted by project period rather than by fiscal year.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is utilized as an extension of the formal budgetary process to reflect the estimated amount of future expenditures arising from the issuance of purchase orders, contracts or other forms of legal commitments existing at year-end which will be paid in the future. Encumbrances lapse at year end; however, the succeeding year's budget provides for the re-appropriation of certain year-end encumbrances. These "open" encumbrances are included in the Assigned Fund Balance at fiscal year-end in accordance with their spending constraint. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities since goods and services are not yet received.

Allocation of Administrative Expenses

An allocation plan is utilized to charge the various operating divisions for administrative costs recorded in the General Fund. The allocations are recorded as reimbursements of expenditures (negative expenditures) in the General Fund and as expenditures/expenses in each fund receiving an allocation.

Compensated Absences

The River Authority allows employees to accumulate vacation leave with certain limitations. Accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources in the event of termination is reported as an expenditure and a liability of the governmental funds that will pay the liability. Amounts of accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated are reported in the Governmental Activities. Accumulated vacation leave of the proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

Fund Balances

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definition, the River Authority reports several types of fund balances in its governmental funds: "Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned".

- Nonspendable fund balances are those that include amounts that cannot be spent because they are (a) either not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balances are those that have constraints placed on the use of their resources. These constraints can be: (a) externally imposed by creditors (i.e. debt covenants), grantors, contributors or

laws/regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. Both constraints are legally enforceable by an external party.

- Committed fund balances include amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the River Authority's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Directors is the highest level of decision-making authority for the River Authority that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.
- Assigned fund balances are those that are constrained by the River Authority's "intent" to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balances do not require River Authority Board of Director formal action and may be specified as "intent' simply through the budgeting process that the resources from these funds be spent for specific purposes within the fund. The River Authority has delegated the authority to make assignments to the General Manager or her designee.
- Unassigned fund balances are those that represent fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the River Authority considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the River Authority considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the River Authority Board of Directors or its delegated official has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Effect of New Accounting Standards on Future Period Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following statements:

- Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- Statement No. 87, Leases
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements
- Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements
- Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32

The statements listed above through Statement No. 93 had their required effective dates postponed by one year with the issuance of Statement No. 95, Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance, with the exception of Statement No. 87 which was postponed by one and a half years. The River Authority implemented Statement No. 84 during the fiscal year but there was no impact.

2. Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the River Authority's cash deposits on the government-wide financial statements is \$11,483,933 and the bank balance was \$11,836,180. All deposits are insured by Federal depository insurance and/or collateralized with securities held by the River Authority's agent in the River Authority's name. The River Authority's cash deposits are held in Frost Bank, which is qualified as a public depository under Texas law, and is deemed to be insured and not subject to classification by credit risk.

Cash includes currency on hand and demand deposits with financial institutions. Statutes and bond covenants allow the River Authority to invest in (1) obligations guaranteed or insured by the United States of America, which, in the opinion of the Attorney General of the United States, are backed by its full faith and credit or represent its general obligations; (2) obligations of the United States of America, including, but not limited to, evidence of indebtedness issued, insured, or guaranteed by such governmental agencies as the Federal Land Banks, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, Banks for Cooperatives, Federal Home Loan Banks, Government National Mortgage Association, United States Postal Service, Farmers Home Administration, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, Small Business Administration, Federal Housing Association, or Participation Certificates in the Federal Assets Financing Trust; (3) certificates of deposit that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or secured by obligations having a fair value of at least the principal amount of the certificates; and (4) fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements.

The River Authority's deposits were entirely covered by federal depository insurance and collateral held in safekeeping by agents of the River Authority in the River Authority's name throughout the fiscal year.

The River Authority's investments at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Carrying	Weighted Average
	Amount	Maturities (years)
Commercial Paper	\$ 9,981,424	0.12
Money Market Mutual Funds	1,367,657	0.14
Local Government Investment Pools		
TexPool	351,083	0.10
TexPool Prime	79,411,244	0.14
U.S. Agencies		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	5,001,087	2.96
	\$96,112,495	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.28

Investment Reconciliation:

Current Investments \$41,521,402
Restricted Current Investments 11,744,741
Restricted Non-current Investments 42,846,352

Total Investments \$96,112,495

Texas Local Government Investment Pool (Texpool) is a public funds investment pool and is rated as AAA by Standards & Poors under the TexPool Participation Agreement, administration and investment services to TexPool are provided by Federated Investors, Inc. through an agreement with the State of Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts. The State of Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts is the sole officer, director, and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping trust Company authorized to operate TexPool.

Interest Rate Risk: In accordance with its investment policy, the River Authority manages its exposure to declines in fair values by investing in investments that match anticipated cash flow requirements, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity and by investing other operating funds in short-term securities. Investments are limited to final stated maturities of not more than five years from the date of purchase. Money market funds and pools have a maturity of less than one year.

Credit Risk: State Law limits investments in money market mutual funds to not less than AAA rating or its equivalent by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). It is the River Authority's policy to limit its investments in these investment types to the AAA rating issued by NRSROs. FHLMC S&P rating is AA+ and Commercial Paper S&P rating is A-1.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The River Authority places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. However, the River Authority's investment policy calls for portfolio diversification by avoiding overconcentration in a specific maturity sector or specific instruments. The River Authority's portfolio is 5.2% invested in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp and 10.39% invested in commercial paper as of June 30, 2020. The remaining 85.94% of the River Authority's investments are held in external investment pools and money market mutual funds.

TexPool uses amortized cost to value portfolio assets and follows the criteria for GASB Statement No. 79 for use of amortized cost. Texpool and Money Market investments do not place any limitations or restrictions such as notice periods or maximum transaction amounts, on withdrawals.

Investment Valuation

The River Authority categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of assets. The River Authority's investments for all funds at fiscal year-end are listed below at fair value, net of accruals. The River Authority has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

GASB 72	June 30, 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments by Fair Value Level:				
Debt Securities				
Commercial Paper	\$ 9,981,424	\$ -	\$9,981,424	\$ -
U.S. Agencies				
Federal Home Mortgage Corp	5,001,087	5,001,087		
Total Debt Securities	14,982,511	\$ 5,001,087	\$9,981,424	\$ -
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value Level	14,982,511	\$ 5,001,087	\$9,981,424	\$ -
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:				
TexPool	351,083			
TexPool Prime	79,411,244			
Total Investments Measured at Amortized Costs	79,762,327			
Investments Measured at NAV:				
Money Market Mutual Funds	1,367,657			
Total Investments Measured at NAV	1,367,657			
Total	\$ 96,112,495			

3. Grants

The River Authority has received significant financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements, and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, liabilities resulting from disallowed claims, if any, will not have a materially adverse effect on the River Authority's financial position at June 30, 2020.

4. Notes Receivable

Governmental Activities. As of June 30, 2020, the River Authority has a notes receivable balance in its governmental funds in the amount of \$224,790.

The San Antonio River Authority Board of Directors approved an agreement between the River Authority and the Goliad County Water Supply Corporation (GCWSC) that authorized the River Authority to loan the GCWSC funds to pay for the local match on grant funding for the construction of two water treatment facilities in Goliad County. The initial loan was disbursed on January 4, 2002 which locked in an interest rate of 5.13% over a twenty (20) year term with annual payments which should have started accruing in July 2004. But due to financial difficulties of the GCWSC; interest has not been accruing. During fiscal year 2014 the River Authority and the GCWSC amended the agreement. Beginning January 1, 2015, the GCWSC pledged its income, fees, rents and other charges derived from the water and wastewater systems to secure repayment of all money

advanced by the River Authority. The total balance shall be amortized for 20 years at an annual interest rate of 0% with monthly payments being made. Should the GCWSC default in 90 days of non-payment of the loan, an annual interest rate of 2.5% will be assessed on the balance of the loan. The notes receivable balance is \$224,790. The GCWSC is actively pursuing an avenue for repayment therefore; the River Authority believes this note is collectible.

The San Antonio River Authority Board of Directors approved an agreement between the River Authority and the San Antonio Alternative Housing Corporation (SAAHC) on a study for the Rosedale TIRZ for \$292,713 and the balance has been extinguished.

	Balance			Balance	Current
	7/1/2019	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2020	Portion
Governmental activities:					
GCWSC	\$ 236,585	\$ -	\$ 11,795	\$ 224,790	\$ 11,795
SAAHC	8,775		8,775		
Total notes receivable	\$ 245,360	\$ -	\$ 20,570	\$ 224,790	\$ 11,795

Business-type Activities. As of June 30, 2020, the River Authority has a notes receivable balance in its business-type funds in the amount of \$303,961.

The San Antonio River Authority Board of Directors approved an agreement between the River Authority and the City of La Vernia that authorized the River Authority to loan the City of La Vernia funds to obtain, maintain and operate certain wastewater treatment and other related facilities in La Vernia. The River Authority loaned the City of La Vernia \$600,000 at an interest rate of 4.48% over a twenty (20) year term with annual payments to begin one year after the final draw is made. The River Authority will advance the money in installments at the request of the City. As of June 30, 2020, the River Authority has a notes receivable balance for the City of La Vernia in the amount of \$303,961.

	Balance			Balance	Current
	7/1/2019	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2020	Portion
Business-type activities:					
City of La Vernia	\$334,999	\$ -	\$ 31,038	\$303,961	\$ 32,428
Total notes receivable	\$334,999	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 31,038	\$303,961	\$ 32,428

5. Interfund Balances and Transfers

The interfund receivables and payables consist primarily of changes to loan funds to prevent negative cash balances arising at year-end.

Receivable Fund Payable Fund			Amount
General Fund	Non Major Special Revenue Funds	\$	53,310
SARA Project Fund	General Fund		250,000
SARA Project Fund	Other Capital Projects		467,698
Non Major Special Revenue Funds	Non Major Special Revenue Funds		86,019
Non Major Capital Projects Funds	Non Major Special Revenue Funds		366,026
SARA Wastewater Utilities System	Non Major Capital Projects Funds		328,941
Salitrillo Wastewater Treatment Plant	Debt Service Fund	3	3,552,017
Total fund financial statements		5	5,104,011
Less: Fund eliminations		(1	L,223,053)
Total Internal Balances - Government Wide Statement of Net Position			3,880,958

The transfers in and out consist primarily of earnings from investments in funds being transferred to other funds for capital projects.

Fund Transferred To Fund Transferred From			Amount	Purpose
SARA Project Fund	General Fund	\$	7,188,710	Capital Expenditures
Debt Service Fund	General Fund		592,974	Debt Service
Non Major Special Revenue Fund	General Fund		100,350	Capital Expenditures
General Fund	Non Major Special Revenue Funds		54,251	Capital Expenditures
Non Major Capital Projects Funds	Non Major Capital Projects Funds		32,342	Capital Expenditures
Salitrillo Wastewater Treatment Plant	General Fund		68	Prior year correction
Salatrillo Wastewater Treatment Plant	Non Major Special Revenue Funds	_	1,978,068	Capital Expenditures
Total fund financial statements			9,946,763	
Less: Fund eliminations		_	(7,968,627)	
Total Transfers - Government Wide Statement o	of Activities	\$	1,978,136	

6. Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the River Authority as follows:

<u>Fund</u> <u>2020</u>

4,746,434

650,352

Governmental activities

General government \$12,667,769

Operations 3,776,934

Technical services 655,534

Total depreciation expense - governmental activities \$17,100,237

Business-type activities \$ 2,757,515

7. Commitments

Listed below are the estimated costs to complete construction in progress at year-end:

Governmental Activities

SARA Project Fund

Bexar County Capital Projects

, , ,	- · · · ·
City of San Antonio	2,001,396
Public Facilities Corporation Fund	3,679,825
Grants Fund	2,997,462
SARIP-Bexar County Flood Tax	618,958
Westside Creek-Bexar County	104,004,747
Other Capital Projects Fund	3,649,829
Down Stream Capital Projects Fund	24,332
Bexar County CIP	53,314
Westside Creek-City of San Antonio	17,036,023
	\$ 139,462,672
Business-type Activities	
SARA Wastewater Utilities System	\$ 1,644,759
Salitrillo Wastewater Treatment Plant	28,779,605
Randolph Air Force Base	1,216,502
	\$ 31,640,866

8. Encumbrances

Purchase orders are issued throughout the fiscal year to encumber budgets in the governmental funds. Significant encumbrances as of June 30, 2020 that will be re-appropriated in the subsequent year are as follows:

General Fund:

General Government	\$ 753,932
Program Support	1,429
Watershed Park Operations	390,200
Watershed Engineering	138,968
Total Encumbrances	\$ 1,284,529

9. Net Position

The following table summarizes net position by purpose at June 30, 2020:

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Net investment in capital assets:			
Capital assets – net of accumulated depreciation	\$566,819,287	\$52,311,864	\$619,131,151
Deferred loss on bond refunding	689,163	88,706	777,869
Debt	(29,926,705)	(44,401,227)	(74,327,932)
Reserve	-	1,502,815	1,502,815
Unspent bond proceeds	4,221,342	25,974,982	30,196,324
Net investment in capital assets	\$541,803,087	\$35,477,140	\$577,280,227
Restricted net position:			
Debt service	\$ 6,274,570	\$ 1,842,162	\$ 8,116,732
Watershed management	176,196	-	176,196
Water management	305,000	-	305,000
Construction	902,794	16,532,618	17,435,412
TWDB Projects	233,695		233,695
Total restricted net position	\$ 7,892,255	\$18,374,780	\$ 26,267,035
Unrestricted net position:			
Total net position	\$575,542,021	\$74,900,732	\$650,442,753
Less: invested in capital assets	(541,803,087)	(35,477,140)	(577,280,227)
Less: restricted net position	(7,892,255)	(18,374,780)	(26,267,035)
Total unrestricted net position	\$ 25,846,679	\$21,048,812	\$ 46,895,491

10. Capital Assets

The following tables summarize the changes in the components of the Capital Assets:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2020
Governmental Activities:	<u> </u>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 30,434,742	\$ 471,506	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,906,248
Water rights	227,447	-	-	-	227,447
Construction in progress	112,301,614	39,125,073	(36,000)	(4,183,236)	147,207,451
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	142,963,803	39,596,579	(36,000)	(4,183,236)	178,341,146
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	2,616,543	230,891	(65,597)	-	2,781,837
Other machinery and equipment	6,897,495	625,458	(136,773)	-	7,386,180
Automobiles and trucks	2,178,644	111,415	(315,297)	-	1,974,762
Buildings	19,532,173	-	-	4,183,236	23,715,409
Improvements other than buildings	10,698,453	7,680	-	-	10,706,133
Studies	2,581,964	-	-	-	2,581,964
Flood control projects	339,164,871	-	-	-	339,164,871
Restoration projects	236,996,307				236,996,307
Total capital assets, being depreciated	620,666,450	975,444	(517,667)	4,183,236	625,307,463
Accumulated depreciation					
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	(2,478,075)	(34,983)	65,597	-	(2,447,461)
Other machinery and equipment	(4,433,917)	(545,957)	134,658	-	(4,845,216)
Automobiles and trucks	(1,580,850)	(180,006)	315,297	-	(1,445,559)
Buildings	(9,354,898)	(827,573)	-	-	(10,182,471)
Improvements other than buildings	(1,485,479)	(720,478)	-	-	(2,205,957)
Studies	(2,581,965)	-	-	-	(2,581,965)
Flood control projects	(145,558,921)	(6,902,920)	-	-	(152,461,841)
Restoration projects	(52,770,532)	(7,888,320)			(60,658,852)
Total accumulated depreciation	(220,244,637)	(17,100,237)	515,552		(236,829,322)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 543,385,616	\$23,471,786	\$ (38,115)	\$ -	\$ 566,819,287

	Balance				Balance
	July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2020
Business-type Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,476,944	\$ 1,316	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,478,260
Construction in progress	2,936,467	2,164,688	(73,466)	(553,231)	4,474,458
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	5,413,411	2,166,004	(73,466)	(553,231)	6,952,718
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	38,317	-	-	-	38,317
Other machinery and equipment	4,578,648	77,256	(16,750)	-	4,639,154
Automobiles and trucks	2,168,776	566,173	(325,426)	-	2,409,523
Buildings	2,305,735	-	(4,759)	-	2,300,976
Improvements other than buildings	16,916,917	-	-	553,231	17,470,148
Studies	422,205	-	-	-	422,205
Sewage treatment facilities	69,964,441	<u> </u>	(750,603)		69,213,838
Total capital assets, being depreciated	96,395,039	643,429	(1,097,538)	553,231	96,494,161
Accumulated depreciation					
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	(38,317)	-	-	-	(38,317)
Other machinery and equipment	(2,816,913)	(238,923)	14,950	-	(3,040,886)
Automobiles and trucks	(1,903,702)	(108,074)	323,363	-	(1,688,413)
Buildings	(1,003,903)	(109,576)	3,564	-	(1,109,915)
Improvements other than buildings	(3,760,304)	(711,838)	-	-	(4,472,142)
Studies	(422,205)	-	-	-	(422,205)
Sewage treatment facilities	(39,243,161)	(1,589,104)	469,128		(40,363,137)
Total accumulated depreciation	(49,188,505)	(2,757,515)	811,005		(51,135,015)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 52,619,945	\$ 51,918	\$ (359,999)	\$ -	\$ 52,311,864

11. Pension Plan

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The River Authority has a defined contribution pension plan, ICMA Retirement Corporation Governmental Money Purchase Plan & Trust (Plan) that was adopted in 1979. To be eligible for the Plan, a participant must be a full-time employee with one year's service. A participant is fully vested after three years of service. The plan's benefit provisions were established and may be amended by the River Authority's General Manager. The River Authority is required to contribute a minimum of 8% of eligible payroll each plan year into each employee's 401(k) account. The Plan also allows voluntary after-tax employee contributions. Effective January 1, 1987, voluntary employee contributions (made after December 31, 1986) may no longer be withdrawn without penalty. The Plan allows for early and late retirement. ICMA-RC is the independent administrator of the plan.

The River Authority's total payroll for all employees (full-time and part-time) was \$16,985,502 for the year ended June 30, 2020. Employer contributions to the Plan were \$1,709,099. The River Authority's policy is to fund all Plan costs as they accrue.

Plan Provisions

All full-time employees are eligible to participate in the Plan from the date of employment. Normal retirement age is 55 years. After one year of employment, the River Authority contributes eight percent of each pay periods eligible earnings on behalf of each participant. Earnings are described as W-2 earnings less overtime, shift differential, auto allowances, taxable fringe benefits, and other non-routine portions of employee's compensation, compensation voluntarily deferred under an eligible deferred compensation plan under Section 457, a flexible Section 125 compensation plan as defined by the Internal Revenue Code, or a Retirement Health Savings Plan.

Participants may also make voluntary, after-tax contributions. Voluntary contributions are 25 percent vested at the start of employment, 50 percent vested at the end of year one, 75 percent vested at the end of year two, and fully vested once an employee reaches three years of employment. A participant may direct the investment of the money contributed by the River Authority on his behalf in any of the available ICMA-RC investment options. There is no investment restriction on any voluntary contribution made by each employee.

The River Authority has no responsibility or authorization to direct the investment of the Plan assets. Accordingly, the financial statements of the River Authority Employee's Defined Contribution Pension Plan are not presented in this report.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The River Authority maintains a deferred compensation plan, which is available to all employees. The plan complies with Section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code (Deferred Compensation Plans with Respect to Service for State and Local Governments.) ICMA-RC is the independent administrator of the plan.

ICMA-RC issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information related to participating entities. The report may be obtained by contacting ICMA-RC at:

ICMA-RC Headquarters 777 North Capitol Street, NE Washington, DC 20002 Telephone: 1-800-326-7272

Website: www.icmarc.org

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

In addition to providing pension benefits described previously, the River Authority provides certain health care benefits for eligible retirees, their spouses, and their dependents through a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the River Authority. The authority to establish and amend the OPEB provisions is vested in the River Authority management.

Retirees are eligible to continue medical, dental, and vision insurance coverage after retirement dependent upon initial hire date and retirement eligibility as follows:

- Hired prior to May 1, 2007;
- Must be 40 years of age or older as of May 1, 2007;
- Under the age of 65 and not eligible for Medicare; and,
- At least 20 years of combined credible coverage.

Upon attaining age 65 or becoming Medicare eligible, all retirees are automatically de-enrolled from the plan.

Hired on or after May 1, 2007

• There are no health care benefits available for these retirees

At June 30, 2019, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits payments	3
Inactive employees entitled to but nt yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active employees	<u>32</u>
Total	<u>35</u>

The contribution requirements of the plan members and the River Authority are established and may be amended by the River Authority management. To date, the River Authority has funded all obligations arising under these plans. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

OPEB Liability

The River Authority's total OPEB liability of \$630,372 was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

The following table summarizes the actuarial assumptions used in the most recent actuarial valuation for the River Authority's defined health care benefit plan.

Measurement date:

Actuarial cost method:

Actuarial valuation date:

June 30, 2019

Entry-Age Normal

June 30, 2019

Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation: 2.50% Salary increases: 0.50%

Discount rate: 3.13%
Prior year discount rate: 3.62%
Healthcare cost trend rate: 7.00%

The discount rate was based on the June 30, 2019 Fidelity Municipal General Obligation AA 20-year yield.

Mortality rates for active employees were based in the PubG.H-2010 Employee Mortality Table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2019 for males or females, as appropriate.

The following table shows the changes in the OPEB liability as of the measurement date:

	Changes in
	Total OPEB
	Liability
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 467,217
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	3,109
Interest	16,486
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	197,129
Changes of Assumptions/Inputs	(23,728)
Benefit Payments	(29,841)
Net Changes	<u>163,155</u>
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 630,372

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the River Authority, as well as what the total liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (2.13%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.13%) than the current discount rate:

	1% [Decrease in		1%	Increase in	
	Disc	count Rate	Dis	count Rate	Dis	count Rate
						_
Total OPEB Liability	\$	659,689	\$	630,372	\$	578,069

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the River Authority, as well as what the total liability would be using if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8%) than the current health care cost trend rate:

	1% [1%	1% Increase in					
	Healtl	h Trend Rate	Dis	count Rate	Healt	h Trend Rate		
			· ·					
Total OPEB Liability	\$	601,779	\$	630,372	\$	660,556		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the River Authority recognized OPEB expense of \$192,996. At June 30, 2020, the River Authority reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows
	of	Resources
Contributions Subsequent to the		
Measurement Date	\$	21,626
Total	<u>\$</u>	21,626

\$21,626 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021.

A copy of the River Authority's actuarial study may be obtained from the Finance Department at the River Authority's main office, 100 E. Guenther, San Antonio, Texas 78204.

12. Summary of Long-Term Debt

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

		Balance					Balance	Amount Due		
	J	uly 1, 2019	 Additions	F	Reductions	Ju	ıne 30, 2020	Wtihin One Year		
Governmental activities:										
Bonds payable	\$	20,346,000	\$ 10,600,000	\$	2,862,000	\$	28,084,000	\$	3,425,000	
Bonds payable - Direct		2,195,000	-		425,000		1,770,000		430,000	
Premiums (Discounts)		75,961	-		3,256		72,705		-	
Compensated absences		840,335	 220,184		137,164	923,355			184,671	
Total long-term liabilities	\$	23,457,296	\$ 10,820,184	\$	\$ 3,427,420		30,850,060	\$	4,039,671	
Business-type activities:										
Bonds payable	\$	21,520,000	\$ 23,535,000	\$	5,370,000	\$	39,685,000	\$	1,665,000	
Premiums (Discounts)		395,372	3,448,637		65,157		3,778,852		-	
Notes payable		965,563	-		28,188		937,375		28,188	
Compensated absences		171,284	 69,179		47,867		192,596		38,519	
Total long-term liabilities	\$	23,052,219	\$ 27,052,816	\$	5,511,212	\$	44,593,823	\$	1,731,707	

The River Authority issues bonds where the River Authority pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the River Authority during the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Effective							Amount Due
	Interest	Range of	Original	Balance			Balance	Within One
Series	Rate	Maturity	Amount	July 1, 2019	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2020	Year
SACIP Impr	ovement Re	venue Bonds	:					
2014	1.2400%	2017-2021	\$ 5,165,000	\$ 1,410,000	\$ -	\$ 700,000	\$ 710,000	\$ 710,000
2015	1.9000%	2017-2028	8,265,000	4,080,000	-	1,090,000	2,990,000	1,105,000
2016	1.7700%	2017-2026	1,200,000	860,000	-	115,000	745,000	120,000
2019	3.1500%	2019-2032	11,530,000	11,530,000		830,000	10,700,000	745,000
			26,160,000	17,880,000		2,735,000	15,145,000	2,680,000
Texas Wate 2013A	•	ent Board - D 2016-2024	Direct Placement 4,300,000	2,195,000		425,000	1,770,000	430,000
Public Facil 2014 2019	ities Corp. L 2.1020% 1.9700%	ease Revenu 2016-2035 2020-2035	e Bonds: 3,100,000 10,600,000	2,466,000	10,600,000	127,000	2,339,000 10,600,000	130,000 615,000
			13,700,000	2,466,000	10,600,000	127,000	12,939,000	745,000
			\$ 44,160,000	\$ 22,541,000	\$ 10,600,000	\$ 3,287,000	\$ 29,854,000	\$ 3,855,000

Business-type Activities

The River Authority has pledged future SARA wastewater customer revenue net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$23,775,000 in Wastewater system revenue bonds issued in 2013, 2013A, 2017 and 2017A. Proceeds from these bonds have provided financing extensions and improvements to the SARA wastewater system including the expansions/improvements to the Martinez II and IV plants. These bonds are payable solely from SARA Wastewater Utilities System customer net revenues and are payable through 2038. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require approximately seven percent of operating revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$19,501,401. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer operating revenues were \$2,112,992 and \$15,812,977, respectively.

The River Authority has pledged future Salitrillo wastewater customer revenue net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$29,385,000 in Wastewater system revenue bonds issued in 2010, 2019 and 2020. Proceeds from these bonds have provided financing for the expansion and improvements to the Salitrillo Wastewater treatment plant. These bonds are payable solely from Salitrillo Wastewater Utilities System customer net revenues and are payable through 2045. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require approximately twenty-four percent of operating revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$37,655,357. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer operating revenues were \$4,408,683 and \$6,294,533, respectively.

		Effective							Amount Due
		Interest	Range of	Original	Outstanding			Outstanding	Within One
Series		Rate	Maturity	Amount	July 1, 2019	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2020	Year
SARA Wastewater Utilities System Revenue Refunding Bonds:	2013	2.3167%	2017-2022	\$ 3,120,000	\$ 1,495,000	\$ -	\$ 355,000	\$ 1,140,000	\$ 365,000
SARA Wastewater Utilities System Revenue Refunding Bonds:	2017A	2.0000%	2019-2031	6,855,000	6,830,000	-	465,000	6,365,000	480,000
SARA Wastewater Utilities System Revenue Bonds:	2017	0.0700%	2019-2038	9,500,000	9,080,000	-	435,000	8,645,000	435,000
Salitrillo Wastewater Utility System Revenue Bonds:	2020	3.0000%	2020-2045	21,855,000	-	21,885,000	-	21,885,000	250,000
Contract Revenue Bonds:	2010	4.5600%	2017-2031	5,880,000	4,115,000	-	4,115,000	-	-
Contract Revenue Bonds:	2019	1.9100%	2020-2031	1,650,000 \$ 48,860,000	<u>-</u> \$ 21,520,000	1,650,000 \$ 23,535,000	<u>-</u> \$ 5,370,000	1,650,000 \$ 39,685,000	135,000 \$ 1,665,000

Current Refunding

On October 8, 2019, the River Authority issued \$1,650,000 of contract revenue bonds with an interest rate of 1.9% along with a transfer of \$3,845,000 to refund series 2010 contract revenue bonds. The cash flow requirements of the refunded bonds prior to current refunding was \$4,971,320 from 2021 to 2031. The cash flow requirements of the 2019 refunding bonds is \$1,852,181. The current refunding resulted in an economic gain of what was refunded through debt (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the issues) of \$302,158.

	Governmental			usiness-type
		Activities		Activities
Various issues	\$	29,854,000	\$	39,685,000
Unamortized premiums		247,731		3,778,852
Unamortized (discount)	_	(175,026)	_	
Total bonds payable, net		29,926,705		43,463,852
Less bonds payable within one year		3,855,000		1,665,000
Bonds payable after one year, net	\$	26,071,705	\$	41,798,852

Principal and interest requirements to maturity for all long-term debt of the River Authority as of June 30, 2020 are summarized as follows:

_	Governmental Activities								sine	ss-type Activi	_			
Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest	_	Total		Principal	Interest		_	Total	Total All Debt	
2021	\$	3,425,000	\$	643,117	\$	4,068,117	\$	1,665,000	\$	1,242,339	\$	2,907,339	\$	6,975,456
2022		2,158,000		581,264		2,739,264		1,860,000		1,307,435		3,167,435		5,906,699
2023		1,918,000		530,580		2,448,580		2,030,000		1,258,628		3,288,628		5,737,208
2024		1,962,000		480,948		2,442,948		1,690,000		1,199,465		2,889,465		5,332,413
2025		2,008,000		431,200		2,439,200		1,735,000		1,153,260		2,888,260		5,327,460
2026-2030		9,795,000		1,406,771		11,201,771		9,600,000		4,863,396		14,463,396		25,665,167
2031-2035		6,818,000		302,871		7,120,871		7,705,000		3,236,356		10,941,356		18,062,226
2036-2041		-		-		-		8,130,000		2,270,418		10,400,418		10,400,418
2042-2045				-		-		5,270,000		537,400		5,807,400	_	5,807,400
	\$	28,084,000	\$	4,376,751	\$	32,460,751	\$	39,685,000	\$	17,068,696	\$	56,753,696	\$	89,214,447

_	Governmental Activities (Direct Borrowings)												
Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest		Total							
2021	\$	430,000	\$	33,667	\$	463,667							
2022		440,000		26,873		466,873							
2023		445,000		18,865		463,865							
2024		455,000		9,965		464,965							
2025		-		-		-							
2026-2030		-		-		-							
2031-2035		-		-		-							
2036-2041		-		-		-							
2042-2045				_									
	\$	1,770,000	\$	89,368	\$	1,859,368							

Additional bonds for the wastewater facility funds are on parity with all outstanding bonds. Bonds may be issued when the net revenues of the System (1) are at least 1.25 times the average annual principal and interest requirements on all outstanding bonds and the then-proposed additional bonds for the past fiscal year or twelvementh period ending within 90 days of the sale of the additional bonds, and (2) are estimated by a Registered Professional Engineer to be at least 1.50 times the future principal and interest requirement on the then-outstanding bonds and the then-proposed additional bonds. Management deems the River Authority is in compliance with bond covenants.

The Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986 requires issuers of tax-exempt debt to make payments to the United States Treasury for investment income received at yields that exceed the issuer's tax-exempt borrowing rates. The Treasury requires payment for each issue every five years. The liability is not recorded until payment is actually made or the liability has become due and payable. As of June 30, 2020, the River Authority has no arbitrage liability for its governmental or proprietary funds.

Notes Payable

Business-type Activities. As of June 30, 2020, the River Authority had the following notes for the purchase of a collection system. The gross amount of the sewage treatment facilities is \$1,409,524, with accumulated depreciation of \$472,149.

				Balance	Addi	tions	P	ayments		Balance	(Lurrent
In	terest Rate	Orig	jinal Amount	 7/1/2019	20	20		2020	6/	/30/2020	F	ortion
Dept of Defense	0.00%	\$	1,409,524	\$ 965,563	\$		\$	28,188	\$	937,375	\$	28,188

Principal and interest requirements to maturity for all notes payable of the River Authority as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

		Bu	sin	ess-type A	ctivitie	es	
_P	rincipal			Interest			Total
\$	28,188		\$		-	\$	28,188
	28,188				-		28,188
	28,188				-		28,188
	28,188				-		28,188
	28,188				-		28,188
	796,435	_			_		796,435
\$	937,375	_	\$			\$	937,375
	\$	28,188 28,188 28,188 28,188	Principal \$ 28,188 28,188 28,188 28,188 28,188 796,435	Principal \$ 28,188 \$ 28,188 28,188 28,188 28,188 796,435	Principal Interest \$ 28,188 \$ 28,188 28,188 28,188 28,188 28,188 796,435	Principal Interest \$ 28,188 \$ - 28,188 - 28,188 - 28,188 - 28,188 - 796,435 -	\$ 28,188 \$ - \$ 28,188 - 28,188 - 28,188 - 28,188 - 796,435 -

13. Risk Management

The River Authority is subject to various litigation and claims arising out of the course of its operations. While the results of the lawsuits cannot be predicted with certainty, management does not believe these matters will have an adverse effect on the River Authority's financial position.

The River Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. State law imposes limits on losses from torts. The River Authority carries commercial insurance in amounts that are subject to certain deductibles considered by management to be immaterial in case of loss.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year by major category of risk. There were no settlements in excess of the insurance coverage in any of the three prior fiscal years.

In addition, the River Authority sponsors a partially self-insured, voluntary employee benefit plan that provides both medical and dental coverage to participating employees and their dependents. The plan is designed to provide a specified level of coverage, with excess insurance coverage provided by a commercial insurer. The River Authority's maximum medical claim exposure is limited to \$35,000 in claims per occurrence and a dental benefit of \$2,000 per covered person per year. Total claims per year are limited based on the number of participating employees. The plan includes a pre-existing clause to deter adverse selection into the plan. Features of the medical plan include a preferred provider organization and various cost containment features such as outpatient testing and surgery. The plan is funded by contributions from the River Authority and participating employees based on recommendations as calculated by an employee benefits specialty firm. Projected claim costs are based on claims experience, lag studies, consideration of claims run off, and aggregate factors. A liability for claims is established if information indicates that it is probable that liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable. The stop loss carrier establishes the aggregate attachment point based on census and aggregate facets agreed to in the contract.

A reconciliation of changes in the aggregate liabilities of the prior and current year is present below:

Year		Current Year Claims			Amour	nt Due
Ended	Beginning	And Changes in	Claim	Ending	Withir	n One
June 30,	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Liability	Ye	ar
2019	\$ 37,991	\$ 3,031,055	\$ 3,064,516	\$ 4,530	\$	4,530
2020	4,530	3,251,029	3,216,432	39,127		39,127



Wilson County Camelback Bridge



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Required Supplementary Information



SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

	Budgeted		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 33,361,485	\$ 33,801,385	\$34,082,100	\$ 280,715
Investment earnings	350,000	350,000	618,947	268,947
Intergovernmental	325,000	325,000	526,250	201,250
Charges for services	515,000	515,000	551,112	36,112
Support Fees	1,939,977	1,939,977	1,939,977	-
Miscellaneous	15,000	15,000	170,181	155,181
Total revenues	36,506,462	36,946,362	37,888,567	942,205
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government:				
Organizational Support:				
Personnel services	2,436,433	2,436,433	2,460,535	(24,102)
Materials and supplies	87,350	87,350	53,567	33,783
Other services and charges	1,968,521	1,712,471	1,421,316	291,155
Capital outlay	370,000	445,000	446,445	(1,445)
	4,862,304	4,681,254	4,381,863	299,391
Board of Directors:				
Personnel services	81,515	81,515	50,990	30,525
Materials and supplies	-	-	1,165	(1,165)
Other services and charges	421,200	421,200	272,212	148,988
	502,715	502,715	324,367	178,348
Executive Offices:				
Human Resources:	470.050	470.050	477 440	(4.704)
Personnel services	472,659	472,659	477,440	(4,781)
Materials and supplies	5,100	5,100	7,364	(2,264)
Other services and charges	75,309	75,309	67,989	7,320
	553,068	553,068	552,793	275
Facilities:				
Personnel services	366,991	366,991	352,277	14,714
Materials and supplies	283,950	283,950	262,968	20,982
Other services and charges	1,045,616	748,928	493,302	255,626
Capital outlay	252,815	99,503	120,235	(20,732)
Finance:	1,949,372	1,499,372	1,228,782	270,590
Personnel services	1,367,543	1,367,543	1,370,357	(2,814)
Materials and supplies	18,038	18,038	1,278	16,760
Other services and charges	458,545	458,545	387,266	71,279
Other services and enarges	1,844,126	1,844,126	1,758,901	85,225
Information Technology:	1,044,120	1,044,120	1,730,301	
Personnel services	1,606,254	1,606,254	1,560,068	46,186
Materials and supplies	387,395	327,395	258,633	68,762
Other services and charges	1,830,373	1,865,517	1,452,353	413,164
Capital outlay	-	60,000	143,512	(83,512)
	3,824,022	3,859,166	3,414,566	444,600

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

				Variance with Final Budget -
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
General Government (Continued):				
Intergovernmental & Community Relations:	Ć 12102E4	Ć 12102E4	Ć 1241140	ć (20.70C)
Personnel services	\$ 1,210,354	\$ 1,210,354	\$ 1,241,140	\$ (30,786)
Materials and supplies Other services and charges	39,100 1,498,854	39,100 1,696,854	34,712 1,500,128	4,388 196,726
Other services and charges	<u> </u>			
	2,748,308	2,946,308	2,775,980	170,328
Total Cost Allocations:	(1,086,056)	(1,086,056)	(299,038)	(787,018)
Total General Government	15,197,859	14,799,953	14,138,214	661,739
Operations:				
Watershed and Parks Operations:				
Personnel services	5,015,947	4,815,947	4,756,589	59,358
Materials and supplies	951,225	891,225	651,147	240,078
Other services and charges	2,438,843	2,411,893	2,010,975	400,918
Capital outlay	169,000	19,000	23,151	(4,151)
	8,575,015	8,138,065	7,441,862	696,203
Total Operations	8,575,015	8,138,065	7,441,862	696,203
Technical Services:				
Watershed Engineering:				
Personnel services	3,377,820	3,377,820	3,394,394	(16,574)
Materials and supplies	8,350	8,350	5,834	2,516
Other services and charges	877,934	877,934	678,757	199,177
3	4,264,104	4,264,104	4,078,985	185,119
Environmental Sciences:				
Personnel services	3,411,849	3,411,849	3,455,209	(43,360)
Materials and supplies	204,072	204,072	205,943	(1,871)
Other services and charges	608,090	572,946	319,449	253,497
Capital outlay	103,487	103,487	126,532	(23,045)
	4,327,498	4,292,354	4,107,133	185,221
Real Estate:				
Personnel services	586,447	587,282	487,926	99,356
Materials and supplies	3,035	2,200	439	1,761
Other services and charges	40,322	40,322	34,800	5,522
	629,804	629,804	523,165	106,639
Total Cost Allocations:	(66,439)	(66,439)	(906,204)	839,765
Total Technical Services	9,154,967	9,119,823	7,803,079	1,316,744
Total expenditures	32,927,841	32,057,841	29,383,155	2,674,686
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	3,578,621	4,888,521	8,505,412	3,616,891
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	54,251	54,251
Transfers out	(6,122,134)	(7,882,034)	(7,882,102)	(68)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	(6,122,134)	(7,882,034)	(7,827,851)	54,183
Net change in fund balances	(2,543,513)	(2,993,513)	677,561	3,671,074
Fund balance - beginning	13,447,850	13,447,850	13,447,850	
Fund balances, end of year				\$ 3.671.074
und balances, end or year	\$ 10,904,337	\$ 10,454,337	\$ 14,125,411	\$ 3,671,074

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

1. Budgeting

By-laws of the River Authority require the Board of Directors to adopt an annual budget which estimates the amount of funds available from all sources and allocates the amount of funds that may be expended during the forthcoming fiscal year. The responsibility for such allocation rests with the General Manager of the River Authority. After adoption of the allocations by the Board of Directors, the General Manager has full authority to expend within the departmental allocations which become the appropriation level. In practice, the General Manager submits all changes by total fund to the Board for its approval. The annual budgetary data for governmental fund types included in the financial statements represent the original budget and amendments as adopted by the Board of Directors of the River Authority and are on the same modified accrual basis (GAAP basis) used to reflect revenues and expenditures of the General Fund.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized as an extension of the formal budgetary process to reflect the estimated amount of future expenditures arising from the issuance of purchase orders, contracts or other forms of legal commitments existing at year-end which will be paid in the future. Encumbrances lapse at year end; however, the succeeding year's budget provides for the re-appropriation of certain year-end encumbrances. These "open" encumbrances are included in the Assigned Fund Balance at fiscal year-end in accordance with their spending constraint. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities since goods and services are not yet received.

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

	2017	2018	2019
Total OPEB Liability:			
Service Cost	\$ 2,936	\$ 2,951	\$ 3,109
Interest	16,567	16,626	16,486
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	(30,663)	(16,590)	197,129
Changes in assumptions	-	(2,116)	(23,728)
Benefit Payments	5,149	4,530	(29,841)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(6,011)	5,401	163,155
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	467,827	461,816	467,217
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 461,816	\$ 467,217	\$ 630,372
Covered Employees - Payroll	\$ 3,101,526	\$ 3,117,034	\$ 2,714,671
Total OPEB Liability as a			
Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.9%	15.0%	23.2%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of Benefit Terms: None

Changes of Assumptions: The prior year mortality assumptions were based on using the

RPH-2014 tables with a generational projection using Projection Scale MP-2018. The mortality assumptions have updated the generational projection using the PubG.H-2010

mortality tables using MP-2019 generational projection.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the

discount rates used in each period:

2018 3.62% 2019 3.13%

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

GASB Statement No. 75 requires 10 years of data to be provided in the Schedule of Changes of Total Liability. As the Authority adopted GASB 75 in fiscal year 2018, only three years of data is available. A full 10 years of data will be presented by 2028.



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Supplemental Statements & Schedules



SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Variance
	Budgeted	Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Investment earnings	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 8,316	\$ (6,684)
Intergovernmental	2,937,838	2,937,838	3,117,635	179,797
Total revenues	2,952,838	2,952,838	3,125,951	173,113
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	20,000	20,000	16,964	3,036
Debt service:				
Bond principal	3,160,000	3,160,000	3,160,000	-
Interest and fees on bonds	370,811	370,811	371,994	(1,183)
Total expenditures	3,550,811	3,550,811	3,548,958	1,853
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(597,973)	(597,973)	(423,007)	174,966
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in	592,974	592,974	592,974	
Total other financing sources	592,974	592,974	592,974	
Net change in fund balance	(4,999)	(4,999)	169,967	174,966
Fund balance, beginning of year			2,474,856	2,474,856
Fund balance, end of year	\$ (4,999)	\$ (4,999)	\$ 2,644,823	\$ 2,649,822

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Special Revenue	Capital Project	Total Nonmajor Governmental
	Funds	Funds	Funds
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 302,655	\$ 426,163	\$ 728,818
Investments	221,285	13,431	234,716
Intergovernmental receivables	916,040	713,977	1,630,017
Cash - restricted	267,686	-	267,686
Investments - restricted	3,719,961	24,516	3,744,477
Due from other funds of the Authority	86,019	366,026	452,045
Total assets	\$ 5,513,646	\$ 1,544,113	\$ 7,057,759
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 243,988	\$ 87,896	\$ 331,884
Retainage payable	60,291	238,934	299,225
Unearned revenue - services	62,459	350,000	412,459
Due to other funds of the Authority	505,355	328,941	834,296
Total liabilities	872,093	1,005,771	1,877,864
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted:			
Debt Service	3,918,848	-	3,918,848
Construction	-	538,342	538,342
Watershed management	176,196	-	176,196
Water management	305,000	-	305,000
Committed:			
Parks	236,821	-	236,821
Economic development	4,688	<u> </u>	4,688
Total fund balances	4,641,553	538,342	5,179,895
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 5,513,646	\$ 1,544,113	\$ 7,057,759

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES –NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Investment earnings	\$ 21,217	\$ 13,431	\$ 34,648
Intergovernmental	2,089,509	2,142,248	4,231,757
Charges for services	250,557	-	250,557
Miscellaneous	46,836		46,836
Total revenues	2,408,119	2,155,679	4,563,798
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	62,985	-	62,985
Operations	51,485	1,249,318	1,300,803
Technical services	2,000,102	-	2,000,102
Debt Service:			
Bond principal	127,000	-	127,000
Interest and fees on bonds	458,165	-	458,165
Capital outlay:			
Capital projects	-	1,954,449	1,954,449
Operations	4,090,091	-	4,090,091
Technical Services	6,000		6,000
Total expenditures	6,795,828	3,203,767	9,999,595
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
(under) expenditures	(4,387,709)	(1,048,088)	(5,435,797)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	100,350	32,342	132,692
Transfers out	(2,032,319)	(32,342)	(2,064,661)
Issuance of refunding bonds	10,600,000		10,600,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,668,031		8,668,031
Net change in fund balances	4,280,322	(1,048,088)	3,232,234
Fund balances, beginning of year	361,231	1,586,430	1,947,661
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 4,641,553	\$ 538,342	\$ 5,179,895

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Grants Fund – Accounts for all grants funded by local, state, and federal agencies.

South Central Texas Regional Water Planning Group – Accounts for monies collected from participants of the South Central Texas Regional Water Planning Group (Region L) and Texas Water Development Board per Senate Bill 1 (1997) and expenditures authorized by interlocal agreements between the participants.

Edwards Water Acquisition – Accounts for the administration of the Regional Water Resource Development Group that collectively purchases Edwards Aquifer water for the area. Accounts for the activities of twenty-one water purveyors and regional water entities that have joined together to form the Regional Water Alliance to seek and implement collaborative solutions to effectively meet the region's diverse water needs.

Regional Water Alliance – Accounts for expenses related to the Regional Water Alliance activities that seek to implement collaborative solutions to effectively meet the region's diverse water needs.

San Antonio River Public Facility Corporation (PFC) – Accounts costs associated with the San Antonio River Authority Public Facilities Corporation's activities. The corporation can act on behalf of the River Authority to finance and provide public facilities.

San Antonio Capital Improvement Project (SACIP) Land Sales – Accounts for revenue received for land use activities as authorized in the 1999 amendatory contract with Bexar County. Funds are used to support capital improvement projects like the Westside Creeks San Pedro Creek project.

San Antonio River Industrial Development Authority (SARIDA) – Accounts for the blended component unit that furnishes eligible applicant's financial assistance through the sales of tax-free industrial development bonds.

Park Resources Development Fund – Accounts for revenues received from the sale of nonessential lands or revenues from leases, license agreements and easements. The funds can only be used for land acquisition and/or the development of any project included in the San Antonio River Authority's River Basin Plan for Nature-based Park Resources or subsequent regional park and recreation plans.

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (continued) JUNE 30, 2020, WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2019

South Central

		Texas			
		Regional	Edwards	Regional	San Antonio
	Grants	Water Planning	Water	Water	River Public
	Fund	Group	Acquisition	Alliance	Facility Corp.
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ -	\$ 124,511	\$ -	\$ 26,777	\$ 3,477
Investments	-	2,778	1,982	825	-
Cash - restricted	-	-	-	-	267,686
Investments - restricted	-	-	-	-	3,719,961
Intergovernmental receivables	740,399	2,211	173,430	-	-
Due from other funds of the Authority		26,019			
Total assets	\$ 740,399	\$ 155,519	\$ 175,412	\$ 27,602	\$ 3,991,124
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 168,228	\$ 69,325	\$ 550	\$ -	\$ -
Retainage payable	127	47,888	-	-	12,276
Due to other funds of the Authority	419,336	-	26,019	-	60,000
Unearned revenue - services		38,306	24,153		
Total liabilities	587,691	155,519	50,722	-	72,276
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted:					
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	3,918,848
Watershed management	-	-	-	-	-
Water management	152,708	-	124,690	27,602	-
Committed:					
Parks	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)					
Total fund balances (deficits)	152,708	_	124,690	27,602	3,918,848
Total liabilities					
and fund balances	\$ 740,399	\$ 155,519	\$ 175,412	\$ 27,602	\$ 3,991,124

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020, WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2019

		River			
		Industrial	Park	Total N	onmajor
	SACIP	Development	Resources	Special Rev	enue Funds
	Land Sales	Authority	Development	2020	2019
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 110,798	\$ -	\$ 37,092	\$ 302,655	\$ 658,558
Investments	11,283	4,688	199,729	221,285	220,029
Cash - restricted	-	-	-	267,686	220,030
Investments - restricted	-	-	-	3,719,961	-
Intergovernmental receivables	-	-	-	916,040	774,309
Due from other funds of the Authority	60,000		<u> </u>	86,019	
Total assets	\$ 182,081	\$ 4,688	\$ 236,821	\$ 5,513,646	\$ 1,652,896
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 5,885	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 243,988	\$ 231,455
Retainage payable	-	-	-	60,291	37,182
Due to other funds of the Authority	-	-	-	505,355	869,145
Unearned revenue - services				62,459	153,883
Total liabilities	5,885		_	872,093	1,291,665
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted:					
Debt Service	-	-	-	3,918,848	-
Watershed management	176,196	-	-	176,196	120,020
Water management	-	-	-	305,000	285,965
Committed:					
Parks	-	-	236,821	236,821	242,602
Economic development	-	4,688	-	4,688	10,574
Unassigned (deficit)		<u>-</u>	_		(297,930)
Total fund balances (deficits)	176,196	4,688	236,821	4,641,553	361,231
Total liabilities					
and fund balances	\$ 182,081	\$ 4,688	\$ 236,821	\$ 5,513,646	\$ 1,652,896

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020, WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2019

		South Central			
		Texas			
		Regional	Edwards	Regional	San Antonio
	Grants	Water Planning	Water	Water	River Public
	Fund	Group	Acquisition	Alliance	Facility Corp.
REVENUES					
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 1,592	\$ -	\$ 324	\$ 13,961
Intergovernmental	1,416,816	471,709	196,784	4,200	-
Charges for services	-	-	14,095	-	181,386
Miscellaneous			10,965		
Total revenues	1,416,816	473,301	221,844	4,524	195,347
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	56,985	-	-	-	-
Operations	1,849	-	-	-	46,636
Technical Services	1,297,663	473,301	206,056	1,277	-
Debt Service:					
Bond principal	-	-	-	-	127,000
Interest and fees on bonds	-	-	-	-	458,165
Capital Outlay					
Operations	-	-	-	-	4,069,118
Technical services	6,000				
Total expenditures	1,362,497	473,301	206,056	1,277	4,700,919
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	54,319		15,788	3,247	(4,505,572)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	100,350
Transfers out	(54,319)	-	-	-	(1,978,000)
Issuance of refunding bonds		<u>-</u>			10,600,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(54,319)	-			8,722,350
Net change in fund balances			15,788	3,247	4,216,778
Fund balances (deficits), beginning	152,708	_	108,902	24,355	(297,930)
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 152,708	\$ -	\$ 124,690	\$ 27,602	\$ 3,918,848

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020, WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2019

		San Antonio			
		River			
		Industrial	Park	Total No	onmajor
	SACIP	Development	Resources	Special Rev	enue Funds
	Land Sales	Authority	Development	2020	2019
REVENUES					
Investment earnings	\$ 1,845	\$ 114	\$ 3,381	\$ 21,217	\$ 8,274
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	2,089,509	1,762,301
Charges for services	55,076	-	-	250,557	235,114
Miscellaneous	21,060		14,811	46,836	
Total revenues	77,981	114	18,192	2,408,119	2,005,689
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	-	6,000	-	62,985	6,000
Operations	-	-	3,000	51,485	4,270
Technical Services	21,805	-	-	2,000,102	1,859,501
Debt Service:					
Bond principal	-	-	-	127,000	125,000
Interest and fees on bonds	-	-	-	458,165	57,415
Capital Outlay					
Operations	-	-	20,973	4,090,091	315,000
Technical services				6,000	31,840
Total expenditures	21,805	6,000	23,973	6,795,828	2,399,026
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	56,176	(5,886)	(5,781)	(4,387,709)	(393,337)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	52,850
Transfers in	-	-	-	100,350	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	(2,032,319)	-
Issuance of refunding bonds				10,600,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)			-	8,668,031	52,850
Net change in fund balances	56,176	(5,886)	(5,781)	4,280,322	(340,487)
Fund balances, beginning	120,020	10,574	242,602	361,231	701,718
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 176,196	\$ 4,688	\$ 236,821	\$ 4,641,553	\$ 361,231

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Budgeted A	Positive		
		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$	5,839,718	\$7,260,831	\$1,416,816	\$ (5,844,015)
Total revenues		5,839,718	7,260,831	1,416,816	(5,844,015)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		15,000	70,713	56,985	13,728
Operations		-	43,955	1,849	42,106
Technical services		5,869,566	7,210,555	1,297,663	5,912,892
Capital outlay:					
Technical services				6,000	(6,000)
Total expenditures		5,884,566	7,325,223	1,362,497	5,962,726
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures		(44,848)	(64,392)	54,319	(11,806,741)
OTHER FINANCING (USES)					
Transfers out				(54,319)	54,319
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_			(54,319)	54,319
Net change in fund balances		(44,848)	(64,392)	-	64,392
Fund balance, beginning of year		152,708	152,708	152,708	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	107,860	\$ 88,316	\$ 152,708	\$ 64,392

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY SO. CENTRAL TEXAS REGIONAL WATER PLANNING GROUP SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Variance	
	Budgeted	Positive			
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Investment earnings	\$ 800	\$ 800	\$ 1,592	\$ 792	
Intergovernmental	570,294	756,488	471,709	(284,779)	
Total revenues	571,094	757,288	473,301	(283,987)	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Technical Services	571,140	757,334	473,301	284,033	
Net change in fund balances	(46)	(46)	-	46	
Fund balance, beginning of year				<u>-</u>	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ (46)	\$ (46)	\$ -	\$ 46	

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY EDWARDS WATER ACQUISITIONS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>Budgeted</u>	Variance Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 275,500	\$ 275,500	\$ 196,784	\$ (78,716)
Charges for services	1,100	1,100	14,095	12,995
Miscellaneous	_	_	10,965	10,965
Total revenues	276,600	276,600	221,844	(65,721)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Technical Services	388,045	388,045	206,056	181,989
Net change in fund balances	(111,445)	(111,445)	15,788	127,233
Fund balance, beginning of year	108,902	108,902	108,902	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ (2,543)	\$ (2,543)	\$ 124,690	\$ 127,233

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY REGIONAL WATER RESOURCE ALLIANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Variance
	<u>Budgeted</u>	Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Investment earnings	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 324	\$ 274
Intergovernmental	4,400	4,400	4,200	(200)
Total revenues	4,450	4,450	4,524	74
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Technical Services	3,000	3,000	1,277	1,723
Net change in fund balances	1,450	1,450	3,247	1,797
Fund balance, beginning of year	24,355	24,355	24,355	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 25,805	\$ 25,805	\$ 27,602	\$ 1,797

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY SAN ANTONIO RIVER PUBLIC FACILITY CORPORATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>Bı</u>	ıdgeted	l Amounts				riance Positive			
	Origina	Original			Final Actual			(Negative)		
REVENUES										
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,961	\$	13,961		
Charges for services:										
Lease/rentals	181,3	386	181	L,386		181,386				
Total revenues	181,3	386	181	<u>1,386</u>		195,347		13,961		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Operations	12,2	277	12	2,277		46,636		(34,359)		
Debt service:										
Bond principal	127,0	000	227	7,350		127,000		100,350		
Interest on bonds	54,3	386	362,208		458,165			(95,957)		
Capital Outlay										
Operations	-		8,110),579		1,069,118		4,041,461		
Total expenditures	193,6	<u> 663</u>	8,712	2,414		1,700,919		4,011,495		
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	(12,2	<u>277</u>)	(8,531	L,028)	(2	<u>1,505,572</u>)	((3,997,534)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-	100),350		100,350		-		
Transfers out		-		-	(1	L,978,000)		1,978,000		
Issuance of refunding bonds			8,566	5,825	10	0,600,000	((2,033,175)		
Total other financing sources and (uses)			8,667	7,17 <u>5</u>	8	3,722,350		(55,175)		
Net change in fund balance	(12,7	277)	(8,531	L,028)	2	1,216,778	1	.2,747,806		
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	(297,9	930 <u>)</u>	(297	7,930)		(297,930)		<u>-</u>		
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ (310,2	207)	\$ (8,828	3,95 <u>8</u>)	\$ 3	3,918,848	\$ 1	2,747,806		

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY SACIP LAND SALES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

							Va	riance		
	Budgeted Amounts							Positive		
		Priginal		Final	Actual		<u>(N</u>	egative)		
REVENUES										
Investment earnings	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	1,845	\$	(1,155)		
Charges for services		59,995		59,995		55,076		(4,919)		
Miscellaneous		_				21,060		21,060		
Total revenues		62,995	_	62,995		77,981	_	14,986		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Technical services		76,536	_	76,536		21,805	_	54,731		
Net change in fund balances		(13,541)		(13,541)		56,176		69,717		
Fund balance, beginning of year		120,020		120,020		120,020				
Fund balance, end of year	\$	106,479	\$	106,479	\$	176,196	\$	69,717		

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY SAN ANTONIO RIVER INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>Budgeted</u>	Variance Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ 150 150	\$ 150 150	\$ 114 114	\$ (36) (36)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government Net change in fund balances	6,000 (5,850)	6,000 (5,850)	6,000 (5,886)	(36)
Fund balance, beginning of year	10,574	10,574	10,574	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 4,724	<u>\$ 4,724</u>	\$ 4,688	<u>\$ (36)</u>

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY PARK RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts							riance ositive
	0	riginal	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Investment earnings	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	3,381	\$	381
Miscellaneous						14,811		14,811
Total revenues		3,000	-	3,000		3,381		381
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Operations		3,000		3,000		3,000		-
Capital Outlay								
Operations		84,660		84,660		20,973		63,687
Total expenditures		87,660		87,660		23,973		63,687
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(84,660)		(84,660)		(20,592)		(63,306)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Sale of capital assets		50,000		50,000	_		_	(50,000)
Net change in fund balances		(34,660)		(34,660)		(20,592)		14,068
Fund balance, beginning of year		242,602		242,602		242,602	_	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	207,942	\$	207,942	\$	222,010	\$	14,068

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

Capital Project Funds

The Capital Project Funds account for proceeds from bond issues, federal grants and contracts, and other similar resources that are specifically designated for capital expenditures.

City of San Antonio Fund – Accounts for expenses incurred in assisting the City of San Antonio with San Antonio River Improvement Projects. The City of San Antonio pays all expenses incurred.

San Antonio Capital Improvement Project (SACIP) 1999 – Accounts for improvements on the San Antonio River and other watersheds as well as the Cibolo Creek Floodplain Buyout Program, all as authorized in the 1999 amendatory contract with Bexar County. This fund was closed during the fiscal year (no balance sheet).

Bexar County Capital Projects – Accounts for flood control capital improvement projects within the boundaries of Bexar County. Bexar County pays all expenses incurred.

Downstream Counties Capital Projects – Accounts for capital projects within the downstream counties of Goliad, Karnes and Wilson.

Medina Dam Improvement Fund – Accounts for expenses incurred in assisting Bexar Medina Atascosa Water District (BMA) with repairs to the Medina Dam. Bexar County, BMA and the Texas Water Development Board pay all expenses incurred.



SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020, WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2019

					Total N	onmajor
	City of	Bexar	Downstream	Medina Dam	Capital Pro	oject Funds
	San Antonio	County	Counties	Improvements	2020	2019
ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 168,644	\$ 87,347	\$ 168,372	\$ 1,800	\$ 426,163	\$ 582,764
Investments	-	-	13,431	-	13,431	24,516
Intergovernmental receivables	376,206	311,718	-	26,053	713,977	374,759
Due from other funds of the Authority	-	-	366,026	-	366,026	832,824
Investments - Restricted			24,516		24,516	
Total assets	\$ 544,850	\$ 399,065	\$ 572,345	\$ 27,853	\$ 1,544,113	\$ 1,814,863
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 53,199	\$ -	\$ 8,644	\$ 26,053	\$ 87,896	\$ 49,280
Retainage payable	-	15,587	221,547	1,800	238,934	173,465
Unearned revenue - services	350,000	-	-	-	350,000	-
Due to other funds of the Authority		328,941			328,941	5,688
Total liabilities	403,199	344,528	230,191	27,853	1,005,771	228,433
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted:						
Construction	141,651	54,537	342,154	<u>-</u>	538,342	1,586,430
Total fund balances	141,651	54,537	342,154		538,342	1,586,430
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 544,850	\$ 399,065	\$ 572,345	\$ 27,853	\$ 1,544,113	\$ 1,814,863

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020, WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2019

		tonio River						
	Improver	ment Project	=			Total Nonmajor		
	City of		Bexar	Downstream	Medina Dam	Capital Project Funds		
	San Antonio	SACIP 1999	County	Counties	Improvements	2020	2019	
REVENUES								
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,431	\$ -	\$ 13,431	\$ 23,887	
Intergovernmental	965,530		311,718	705,000	160,000	2,142,248	2,917,250	
Total revenues	965,530	_	311,718	718,431	160,000	2,155,679	2,941,137	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Operations	1,027,689	-	-	61,629	160,000	1,249,318	1,794,924	
Technical services	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,212	
Capital projects			311,718	1,642,731		1,954,449	961,023	
Total expenditures	1,027,689		311,718	1,704,360	160,000	3,203,767	2,761,159	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	(62,159)			(985,929)		(1,048,088)	179,978	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In	-	-	32,342	-	-	32,342	-	
Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	(32,342)				(32,342)		
Total other financing sources and (uses)		(32,342)	32,342			<u>-</u>		
Net change in fund balances	(62,159)	(32,342)	32,342	(985,929)	-	(1,048,088)	179,978	
Total fund balances								
Fund balances, beginning	203,810	32,342	22,195	1,328,083		1,586,430	1,406,452	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 141,651	\$ -	\$ 54,537	\$ 342,154	\$ -	\$ 538,342	\$ 1,586,430	





San Antonio River at Ferry Street Goliad County

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY JUNE 30, 2020

Statistical Section

This part of the San Antonio River Authority's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the River Authority's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends – These schedules contain trend information to help readers understand how the River Authority's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity – These schedules contain information to help readers assess the River Authority's most significant local revenue sources.

Appraised Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Principal Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections

Debt Capacity – These schedules present information to help readers assess the affordability of the River Authority's current levels of outstanding debt and the River Authority's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Revenue Bond Coverage

Demographic and Economic Information – These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help readers understand the environment within which the River Authority's financial activities take place.

Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function/Program Miscellaneous Statistics

Except where noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the River Authority's comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The River Authority also implemented GASB 63 and 65 in 2013 schedules renaming net assets as net position and items previously reported as assets and liabilities to deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Fiscal Year		
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 353,820,629	\$ 405,475,880	\$ 453,581,745	\$ 457,027,718	\$ 458,716,760
Restricted	7,292,287	6,733,084	6,425,566	9,208,478	6,003,312
Unrestricted	19,001,393	15,066,632	18,362,082	15,008,284	18,972,630
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 380,114,309	\$ 427,275,596	\$ 478,369,393	\$ 481,244,480	\$ 483,692,702
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 24,610,241	\$ 22,671,819	\$ 26,750,240	\$ 28,130,601	\$ 28,957,251
Restricted	8,485,058	12,350,883	8,463,921	6,571,105	6,712,469
Unrestricted	4,096,133	4,467,523	3,740,397	4,811,695	6,653,144
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 37,191,432	\$ 39,490,225	\$ 38,954,558	\$ 39,513,401	\$ 42,322,864
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 378,430,870	\$ 428,147,699	\$ 480,331,985	\$ 485,158,319	\$ 487,674,011
Restricted	15,777,345	19,083,967	14,889,487	15,779,583	12,715,781
Unrestricted	23,097,526	19,534,155	22,102,479	19,819,979	25,595,774
Total primary government net position	\$ 417,305,741	\$ 466,765,821	\$ 517,323,951	\$ 520,757,881	\$ 525,985,566
			F: 1)/		
	2016	2017	Fiscal Year	2010	2020
_	2016	2017	Fiscal Year 2018	2019	2020
- Governmental activities	2016	2017		2019	2020
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets	2016 \$ 465,973,372	2017 \$ 463,853,063		2019 \$ 521,513,978	2020 \$ 541,803,087
			2018		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 465,973,372	\$ 463,853,063	\$ 504,604,452	\$ 521,513,978	\$ 541,803,087
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 465,973,372 6,252,811	\$ 463,853,063 4,269,249	\$ 504,604,452 2,278,970	\$ 521,513,978 4,993,533	\$ 541,803,087 7,892,255
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 465,973,372 6,252,811 22,478,110	\$ 463,853,063 4,269,249 24,456,343	\$ 504,604,452 2,278,970 25,507,018	\$ 521,513,978 4,993,533 27,642,317	\$ 541,803,087 7,892,255 25,846,679
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 465,973,372 6,252,811 22,478,110	\$ 463,853,063 4,269,249 24,456,343	\$ 504,604,452 2,278,970 25,507,018	\$ 521,513,978 4,993,533 27,642,317	\$ 541,803,087 7,892,255 25,846,679
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	\$ 465,973,372 6,252,811 22,478,110	\$ 463,853,063 4,269,249 24,456,343	\$ 504,604,452 2,278,970 25,507,018	\$ 521,513,978 4,993,533 27,642,317	\$ 541,803,087 7,892,255 25,846,679
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities	\$ 465,973,372 6,252,811 22,478,110 \$ 494,704,293	\$ 463,853,063	\$ 504,604,452 2,278,970 25,507,018 \$ 532,390,440	\$ 521,513,978 4,993,533 27,642,317 \$ 554,149,828	\$ 541,803,087 7,892,255 25,846,679 \$ 575,542,021
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets	\$ 465,973,372 6,252,811 22,478,110 \$ 494,704,293 \$ 27,524,744	\$ 463,853,063 4,269,249 24,456,343 \$ 492,578,655 \$ 28,147,329	\$ 504,604,452 2,278,970 25,507,018 \$ 532,390,440 \$ 29,029,396	\$ 521,513,978 4,993,533 27,642,317 \$ 554,149,828 \$ 32,683,370	\$ 541,803,087 7,892,255 25,846,679 \$ 575,542,021 \$ 35,477,140
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 465,973,372 6,252,811 22,478,110 \$ 494,704,293 \$ 27,524,744 3,134,754	\$ 463,853,063 4,269,249 24,456,343 \$ 492,578,655 \$ 28,147,329 5,378,667	\$ 504,604,452 2,278,970 25,507,018 \$ 532,390,440 \$ 29,029,396 5,910,087	\$ 521,513,978 4,993,533 27,642,317 \$ 554,149,828 \$ 32,683,370 13,615,606	\$ 541,803,087 7,892,255 25,846,679 \$ 575,542,021 \$ 35,477,140 18,374,780
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 465,973,372 6,252,811 22,478,110 \$ 494,704,293 \$ 27,524,744 3,134,754 11,551,308	\$ 463,853,063 4,269,249 24,456,343 \$ 492,578,655 \$ 28,147,329 5,378,667 11,693,848	\$ 504,604,452 2,278,970 25,507,018 \$ 532,390,440 \$ 29,029,396 5,910,087 17,549,077	\$ 521,513,978 4,993,533 27,642,317 \$ 554,149,828 \$ 32,683,370 13,615,606 16,565,799	\$ 541,803,087 7,892,255 25,846,679 \$ 575,542,021 \$ 35,477,140 18,374,780 21,048,812
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 465,973,372 6,252,811 22,478,110 \$ 494,704,293 \$ 27,524,744 3,134,754 11,551,308 \$ 42,210,806	\$ 463,853,063	\$ 504,604,452 2,278,970 25,507,018 \$ 532,390,440 \$ 29,029,396 5,910,087 17,549,077	\$ 521,513,978 4,993,533 27,642,317 \$ 554,149,828 \$ 32,683,370 13,615,606 16,565,799 \$ 62,864,775	\$ 541,803,087 7,892,255 25,846,679 \$ 575,542,021 \$ 35,477,140 18,374,780 21,048,812 \$ 74,900,732
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$ 465,973,372 6,252,811 22,478,110 \$ 494,704,293 \$ 27,524,744 3,134,754 11,551,308 \$ 42,210,806 \$ 493,498,116	\$ 463,853,063 4,269,249 24,456,343 \$ 492,578,655 \$ 28,147,329 5,378,667 11,693,848	\$ 504,604,452 2,278,970 25,507,018 \$ 532,390,440 \$ 29,029,396 5,910,087 17,549,077	\$ 521,513,978 4,993,533 27,642,317 \$ 554,149,828 \$ 32,683,370 13,615,606 16,565,799	\$ 541,803,087 7,892,255 25,846,679 \$ 575,542,021 \$ 35,477,140 18,374,780 21,048,812
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 465,973,372 6,252,811 22,478,110 \$ 494,704,293 \$ 27,524,744 3,134,754 11,551,308 \$ 42,210,806 \$ 493,498,116 9,387,565	\$ 463,853,063	\$ 504,604,452 2,278,970 25,507,018 \$ 532,390,440 \$ 29,029,396 5,910,087 17,549,077 \$ 52,488,560 \$ 533,633,848 8,189,057	\$ 521,513,978 4,993,533 27,642,317 \$ 554,149,828 \$ 32,683,370 13,615,606 16,565,799 \$ 62,864,775 \$ 554,197,348 18,609,139	\$ 541,803,087 7,892,255 25,846,679 \$ 575,542,021 \$ 35,477,140 18,374,780 21,048,812 \$ 74,900,732 \$ 577,280,227 26,267,035
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position Primary government Net investment in capital assets	\$ 465,973,372 6,252,811 22,478,110 \$ 494,704,293 \$ 27,524,744 3,134,754 11,551,308 \$ 42,210,806 \$ 493,498,116	\$ 463,853,063	\$ 504,604,452 2,278,970 25,507,018 \$ 532,390,440 \$ 29,029,396 5,910,087 17,549,077 \$ 52,488,560 \$ 533,633,848	\$ 521,513,978 4,993,533 27,642,317 \$ 554,149,828 \$ 32,683,370 13,615,606 16,565,799 \$ 62,864,775	\$ 541,803,087 7,892,255 25,846,679 \$ 575,542,021 \$ 35,477,140 18,374,780 21,048,812 \$ 74,900,732

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (continued) (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year							
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015			
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 7,943,352	\$ 10,236,092	\$ 10,572,749	\$ 25,187,998	\$ 23,734,542			
Operations	17,143,213	17,371,274	12,805,687	6,339,186	7,224,872			
Technical Services	9,545,786	3,697,743	5,326,820	6,008,841	5,241,171			
Interest and other fees	1,888,199	1,669,231	1,482,026	1,553,757	1,193,290			
Total governmental activities	36,520,550	39,021,039	37,548,437	46,380,997	45,455,209			
Business-type activities:				<u> </u>				
Operations:								
Utilities	11,262,709	11,480,965	12,092,625	12,883,470	13,410,525			
Total business-type activities expenses	11,262,709	11,480,965	12,092,625	12,883,470	13,410,525			
Total primary government expenses	47,783,259	50,502,004	49,641,062	59,264,467	58,865,734			
Total primary government expenses	47,703,233		45,041,002	33,204,407	30,003,734			
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities								
Charges for services								
General government	2,573,444	2,498,383	2,589,453	2,116,619	2,317,148			
Operations	665,971	1,132,605	1,484,928	5,239,975	10,934,241			
Technical services	451,664	572,935	550,205	469,359	416,935			
Operating grants and contributions								
General government	33,358	217,260	450,158	112,984	281,768			
Operations	206,620	66,189	261,980	477,709	518,041			
Technical services	590,633	336,653	677,474	1,035,303	3,621,045			
Capital grants and contributions								
General government	-	-	-	-	-			
Operations	79,686,681	61,300,773	62,693,966	18,427,713	5,323,165			
Technical services	3,991,095	1,267,053	329,995	243,073	1,289,815			
Total governmental activities program revenues	88,199,466	67,391,851	69,053,983	28,122,735	24,702,158			

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year							
-	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020			
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 10,202,949	\$ 35,055,308	\$ 26,734,430	\$ 23,437,208	\$ 29,476,676			
Operations	37,224,546	28,066,284	33,830,509	45,132,654	46,178,708			
Technical Services	9,072,456	7,966,559	8,393,583	10,414,457	10,696,725			
Interest and other fees	961,639	879,661	818,865	894,349	1,001,060			
Total governmental activities	57,461,590	71,967,812	69,777,387	79,878,668	87,353,169			
Business-type activities: Operations:								
Utilities	14,609,441	12,877,311	13,622,982	12,225,949	13,500,864			
Total business-type activities expenses	14,609,441	12,877,311	13,622,982	12,225,949	13,500,864			
Total primary government expenses	72,071,031	84,845,123	83,400,369	92,104,617	100,854,033			
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities								
Charges for services								
General government	2,655,565	29,427,485	49,161,136	25,800,924	33,265,749			
Operations	21,985,728	2,141,822	4,502,063	16,068,855	10,208,908			
Technical services	403,922	912,020	365,587	25,951,590	31,396,763			
Operating grants and contributions								
General government	171,174	155,709	160,703	-	-			
Operations	340,453	1,634,312	1,397,200	50,000	-			
Technical services	40,716	37,762	45,095	887,905	893,126			
Capital grants and contributions								
General government	-	490,000	10,000	-	-			
Operations	13,193,294	6,417,209	25,479,637	-	-			
Technical services	2,508,348	2,692,521	278,372	<u> </u>				
Total governmental activities program revenues	41,299,200	43,908,840	81,399,793	68,759,274	75,764,546			

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Continued) (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year							
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015			
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services								
Operations:								
Utilities	\$ 9,697,771	\$ 10,790,193	\$ 10,833,126	\$ 11,219,264	\$ 11,891,387			
Capital grants and contributions								
Operations:								
Utilities	1,039,363	2,595,799	1,742,703	1,555,436	1,592,548			
Total business-type activities program revenues	10,737,134	13,441,375	12,575,829	12,783,840	13,493,078			
Total primary government program revenues	98,936,600	80,833,226	81,629,812	40,906,575	38,195,236			
Net (expense)/revenue								
Governmental activities	51,678,916	28,370,812	31,505,546	(18,258,262)	(20,753,051)			
Business-type activities	(525,575)	1,960,410	483,204	(99,630)	82,553			
Total primary government net expense	51,153,341	30,331,222	31,988,750	(18,357,892)	(20,670,498)			
General Revenues and Other Changes In Net Posi	tion							
Governmental activities								
Property taxes	17,428,109	18,255,301	18,958,404	21,196,901	22,955,094			
Investment earnings	261,136	231,236	39,132	157,122	2,484			
Miscellaneous	268,992	303,938	212,837	226,845	213,695			
Transfers				(448,219)				
Total governmental activities	18,095,737	18,790,475	19,210,373	21,133,349	23,171,273			
Business-type activities								
Investment earnings	\$ 315,418	\$ 250,712	\$ 79,669	\$ 110,355	\$ 29,367			
Miscellaneous	13,546	77,607	82,007	74,798	176,418			
Transfers				448,219				
Total business-type activities	396,286	338,383	162,076	658,473	205,785			
Total primary government	18,492,023	19,128,858	19,372,449	21,791,822	23,377,058			
Change in Net Position								
Governmental activities	69,774,653	47,161,287	50,715,919	2,875,087	2,418,222			
Business-type activities	(129,289)	2,298,793	645,280	558,843	288,338			
Total primary government	\$ 69,645,364	\$ 49,460,080	\$ 51,361,199	\$ 3,433,930	\$ 2,706,560			

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

			Fiscal Year		
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services					
Operations:					
Utilities	\$ 12,081,771	\$ 13,362,850	\$ 18,233,487	\$ 16,074,381	\$ 16,840,654
Capital grants and contributions					
Operations:					
Utilities	2,172,886	2,181,264	1,949,799	5,765,240	5,706,248
Total business-type activities program revenues	14,254,657	15,544,114	20,183,286	21,839,621	22,546,902
Total primary government program revenues	55,553,857	59,452,954	101,583,079	90,598,895	98,311,448
Net (expense)/revenue					
Governmental activities	(16,162,390)	(28,058,972)	11,622,406	(11,119,394)	(11,657,121)
Business-type activities	(354,784)	2,666,803	6,560,304	9,613,672	9,046,038
Total primary government net expense	(16,517,174)	(25,392,169)	18,182,710	(1,505,722)	(2,611,083)
General Revenues and Other Changes In Net Posit	ion				
Governmental activities					
Property taxes	24,741,457	25,698,484	27,330,959	31,522,683	34,082,100
Investment earnings	188,558	143,210	651,857	1,038,611	728,333
Miscellaneous	810,824	172,643	206,563	317,488	217,017
Transfers	<u> </u>	(81,003)	<u> </u>		(1,978,136)
Total governmental activities	25,740,839	25,933,334	28,189,379	32,878,782	33,049,314
Business-type activities					
Investment earnings	\$ 22,731	\$ 67,296	\$ 255,742	\$ 515,278	\$ 693,835
Miscellaneous	219,995	193,936	452,670	247,265	317,948
Transfers	<u> </u>	81,003	<u> </u>		1,978,136
Total business-type activities	242,726	342,235	708,412	762,543	2,989,919
Total primary government	25,983,565	26,275,569	28,897,791	33,641,325	36,039,233
Change in Net Position					
Governmental activities	9,578,449	(2,125,638)	39,811,785	21,759,388	21,392,193
Business-type activities	(112,058)	3,009,038	7,268,716	10,376,215	12,035,957
Total primary government	\$ 9,466,391	\$ 883,400	\$ 47,080,501	\$ 32,135,603	\$ 33,428,150

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (continued) (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		Fiscal Year						
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015			
General Fund								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items	\$ 166,354	\$ 246,803	\$ 234,088	\$ 214,419	\$ 136,695			
Notes receivable, long term portion	847,800	847,525	959,382	903,225	735,863			
Inventory	8,531	9,739	10,506	7,372	7,794			
Restricted:	-,	-,		.,	,,,,,			
TWDB projects	-	-	-	1,579,162	429,850			
Committed:					,			
Operating reserve	-	-	-	3,231,198	6,879,043			
Reserve	_	-	_	6,154,848	5,585,700			
Water rights	-	-	-	50,000	-			
Assigned:								
General government	708,298	1,152,712	523,337	-	_			
Program Support	-	268,869	147,512	-	-			
Parks	218,744	210,826	398,315	-	-			
Water quality	201,917	117,751	171,033	-	-			
Watershed management	1,451,230	1,081,653	1,279,396	-	-			
Water management	267,478	251,777	-	-	-			
Contract commitments	-	-	-	4,377,258	1,815,639			
TWDB projects	-	-	-	441,436	441,436			
Unassigned	13,101,223	12,678,158	13,218,181	1,559,505	2,184,422			
Total general fund	\$ 16,971,575	\$ 16,865,813	\$ 16,941,750	\$ 18,518,423	\$ 18,216,442			
All other governmental funds								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Restricted:								
Debt service	6,023,710	5,268,015	4,738,857	4,527,405	4,265,023			
Construction	1,056,540	1,080,041	1,141,442	2,661,775	871,847			
Watershed management	191,217	283,884	525,273	364,756	357,948			
Water management	20,820	101,144	19,994	75,380	78,644			
Committed:								
Unrestricted Reserve	-	-	-	-	-			
Parks	116,856	219,977	294,716	307,871	339,358			
Economic development	61,574	53,383	45,932	39,909	33,934			
Assigned - projects	-	-	-	-	-			
Unassigned (deficit)	(14,316)		(67,161)	(116,035)	(182,928)			
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 7,456,401	\$ 7,006,444	\$ 6,699,053	\$ 7,861,061	\$ 5,763,826			

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year									
		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
General Fund										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items	\$	17,879	\$	33,981	\$	9,989	\$	9,989	\$	9,989
Notes receivable, long term portion		463,860		303,832		257,155		46,677		212,995
Inventory		6,958		5,127		-		-		-
Restricted:										
TWDB projects		249,027		206,781		206,791		230,359		233,695
Committed:										
Operating reserve		7,287,329		8,006,932		7,821,688		-		-
Reserve		-		-		-		-		-
Water rights		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned:										
General government		-		-		-		8,573,091		8,910,431
Program Support		-		-		-		-		-
Parks		-		-		-		-		-
Water quality		-		-		-		-		-
Watershed management		-		-		-		-		-
Water management		-		-		-		-		-
Contract commitments		1,251,003		1,098,418		876,805		1,177,134		1,284,529
TWDB projects		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		2,459,197		1,238,413		2,578,543		3,410,600		3,473,772
Total general fund	\$	11,735,253	\$	10,893,484	\$	11,750,971	\$ 1	3,447,850	\$	14,125,411
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items	\$	-	\$	2,305,000	\$	2,360,000	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted:										
Debt service		4,287,026		2,142,351		17,570		2,474,856		6,563,671
Construction		1,287,890		1,064,651		1,582,126		1,698,697		670,370
Watershed management		243,841		644,625		345,367		120,020		176,196
Water management		185,027		210,841		127,116		285,965		305,000
Committed:										
Unrestricted Reserve		6,373,994		6,002,082		5,027,451		3,512,377		3,792,737
Parks		374,071		385,066		195,332		242,602		236,821
Economic development		28,006		22,125		16,333		10,574		4,688
Assigned - projects		2,729,225		3,764,470		5,246,988		9,154,339		10,090,927
Unassigned (deficit)						(189,982)		(336,337)		(270,100
Total all other governmental funds	\$	15,509,080	\$	16,541,211	\$	14,728,301	\$ 1	7,163,093	\$	21,570,310

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (continued) (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

			Fiscal Year		
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 17,339,015	\$ 18,091,785	\$ 18,984,993	\$ 21,184,225	\$ 22,947,890
Intergovernmental	46,107,762	63,678,134	65,173,161	25,024,813	21,323,488
Charges for services	1,297,589	1,733,544	1,436,995	4,906,481	1,125,223
Investment earnings	259,277	230,252	43,105	157,959	2,484
Support fees	2,133,855	2,113,251	2,051,806	2,222,808	2,253,647
Miscellaneous	268,992	190,089	212,837	226,845	213,495
Total Revenues	67,406,490	86,037,055	87,902,897	53,723,131	47,866,227
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	7,336,957	8,806,284	8,574,664	11,849,152	9,657,176
Program support	-	6,081,054	7,113,412	7,291,215	8,061,334
Operations	5,604,826	7,754,144	3,130,028	6,296,759	4,781,083
Technical services	7,065,840	3,558,335	5,188,173	5,967,387	5,236,610
Capital outlay	43,669,036	54,181,374	59,820,241	18,445,340	18,829,393
Debt service					
Principal	3,975,000	4,165,000	3,785,000	6,605,000	2,583,000
Interest	1,776,556	1,557,588	1,410,137	1,313,103	1,140,386
Capital lease principal	483,206	488,995	362,139	247,274	97,288
Bond issuance cost	35,631	<u> </u>			
Total Expenditures	69,947,052	86,592,774	89,383,794	58,015,230	50,386,270
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(2,540,562)	(555,719)	(1,480,897)	(4,292,099)	(2,520,043)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	5,711,026	4,925,439	4,816,804	4,064,096	3,140,928
Transfers out	(5,711,026)	(4,925,439)	(4,816,804)	(4,512,315)	(3,140,928)
Refunding bonds issued	2,475,000	-	-	_	-
Bonds issued	-	-	-	12,565,000	8,265,000
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	(2,465,000)	-	-	(5,086,001)	(8,144,173)
Contributed capital	-	-	391,943	-	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-
Capital leases	534,467	_	274,259		<u>-</u> _
Total other financing sources (uses)	544,467		666,202	7,030,780	120,827
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,996,095)	\$ (555,719)	\$ (814,695)	\$ 2,738,681	\$ (2,399,216)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital					
expenditures	22%	18%	18%	20%	12%

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

			Fiscal Year		
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
_					
Revenues	¢ 24.276.704	¢ 25 602 722	¢ 27 222 270	ć 24 F22 C02	Ć 24.002.400
Taxes	\$ 24,276,704 38,067,735	\$ 25,682,722	\$ 27,323,379	\$ 31,522,683	\$ 34,082,100
Intergovernmental		40,038,344	70,999,207	62,336,152	69,134,850
Charges for services	958,317	913,038	896,227	799,656	801,669
Investment earnings	183,948	165,262	622,454	1,012,565	710,158
Support fees	2,301,631	2,384,595	2,301,288	1,996,561	1,939,977
Miscellaneous	859,704	722,756	561,332	317,488	217,017
Total Revenues	66,648,039	69,906,717	102,703,887	97,985,105	106,885,771
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	8,956,409	33,186,385	24,772,816	12,433,403	13,507,971
Program support	-	-	-	-	-
Operations	21,846,883	12,789,244	18,405,643	36,442,431	42,476,675
Technical services	8,704,558	7,537,102	8,214,766	9,570,074	9,963,410
Capital outlay	20,811,396	11,693,866	48,542,126	31,690,297	40,479,956
Debt service					
Principal	2,756,000	2,912,000	2,958,000	14,275,000	3,287,000
Interest	868,728	826,755	765,959	670,341	830,159
Capital lease principal	40,000	-	-	-	-
Bond issuance cost		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_ _	
Total Expenditures	63,983,974	68,945,352	103,659,310	105,081,546	110,545,171
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	2,664,065	961,365	(955,423)	(7,096,441)	(3,659,400)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	11,456,361	5,168,156	3,948,655	5,555,440	7,968,627
Transfers out	(12,056,361)	(5,939,159)	(3,948,655)	(5,555,440)	(9,946,763)
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	11,530,000	10,600,000
Bonds issued	1,200,000	-	_	-	-
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	_	-	_	-	-
Contributed capital	_	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	_	-	-	52,850	-
Capital leases	_	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	600,000	(771,003)		11,582,850	8,621,864
Net change in fund balances	\$ 3,264,065	\$ 190,362	\$ (955,423)	\$ 4,486,409	\$ 4,962,464
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital					
expenditures	8%	7%	7%	20%	6%

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY APPRAISED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2020

Bexar County					
	Rea	Property	Personal Property	Taxable Value	
Tax		Taxable Value	Appraised &	as a percentage	Tax
Year	Appraised Value	(less exemptions)	Taxable Value	of Appraised Value	Rate
2010	\$ 108,496,664,484	\$ 99,271,473,117	\$ 10,290,115,911	92.23%	0.016652
2011	100,096,378,503	86,891,406,112	10,509,046,368	88.06%	0.017370
2012	101,285,402,209	87,840,941,364	11,078,331,512	88.03%	0.017370
2013	106,280,292,305	83,446,802,521	12,095,102,326	80.71%	0.017798
2014	111,755,514,356	101,338,301,511	10,782,378,511	91.50%	0.017500
2015	122,537,892,867	112,120,680,022	11,972,853,978	92.26%	0.017290
2016	144,582,355,351	132,536,379,259	13,948,471,899	92.40%	0.017290
2017	145,679,088,780	133,501,968,792	14,109,090,676	92.38%	0.017290
2018	194,921,784,618	176,927,537,802	15,790,460,477	91.46%	0.018580
2019	209,725,844,254	187,404,528,063	15,787,221,700	90.10%	0.018580
Goliad Count	Ĺ				
	Rea	Property	Personal Property	Taxable Value	
Tax		Taxable Value	Appraised &	as a percentage	Tax
Year	Appraised Value	(less exemptions)	Taxable Value	of Appraised Value	Rate
2010	\$ 1,978,086,470	\$ 1,054,439,233	\$ 8,020,580	53.49%	0.016652
2011	1,962,834,150	921,887,540	9,280,680	47.22%	0.017370
2012	2,037,226,720	933,263,190	9,607,470	46.06%	0.017370
2013	1,976,546,530	831,439,820	9,835,390	42.35%	0.017798
2014	1,131,210,960	1,113,517,640	9,534,680	98.45%	0.017500
2015	2,607,062,270	1,123,052,320	9,534,680	43.28%	0.017290
2016	1,117,170,519	1,015,858,924	95,970,278	91.65%	0.017290
2017	1,125,002,530	1,036,793,979	84,906,472	92.71%	0.017290
2018	1,208,167,400	1,076,059,037	279,550,220	91.12%	0.018580
2019	1,263,526,914	1,142,807,687	318,988,864	92.37%	0.018580
Karnes Count	¥				
	Rea	Property	Personal Property	Taxable Value	
Tax		Taxable Value	Appraised &	as a percentage	Tax
Year	Appraised Value	(less exemptions)	Taxable Value	of Appraised Value	Rate
2010	\$ 561,536,087		\$ 21,645,213	95.75%	0.016652
2011	1,571,525,941		25,634,823	55.41%	0.017370
2012	3,525,874,616		32,767,473	77.24%	0.017370
2013	6,847,045,367	5,949,390,999	13,693,107	86.92%	0.017798
2014	9,298,201,200		956,229,573	104.90%	0.017500
2015	10,259,566,270	10,237,235,963	956,229,573	99.80%	0.017290
2016	5,391,685,871	5,367,361,438	63,170,522	99.55%	0.017290
2017	6,073,644,654	6,049,608,955	56,477,453	99.61%	0.017290
2018	757,604,179	733,184,912	67,442,096	97.04%	0.018580
2019	7,728,634,160	7,704,275,301	73,958,777	99.69%	0.018580

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY APPRAISED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2020

Wilson County

	Real Property				Personal Property		Taxable Value	
Tax				Taxable Value	Appraised &		as a percentage	Tax
Year	A	ppraised Value	(le	ess exemptions)		axable Value	of Appraised Value	Rate
2010	\$	2,184,923,400	\$	1,990,680,359	\$	131,637,136	91.62%	0.016652
2011		2,381,570,225		2,131,638,207		139,654,239	90.09%	0.017370
2012		2,482,261,987		2,301,600,478		176,668,872	93.21%	0.017370
2013		2,742,956,405		2,142,163,081		248,471,932	79.92%	0.017798
2014		2,898,623,934		2,615,814,259		245,189,970	91.00%	0.017500
2015		3,143,788,181		2,867,545,945		281,336,360	91.93%	0.017290
2016		3,093,590,980		2,769,469,017		195,713,642	90.15%	0.017290
2017		3,542,875,594		3,187,805,763		180,743,346	90.46%	0.017290
2018		4,091,323,501		3,579,159,984		432,034,423	88.68%	0.018580
2019		4,286,272,033		3,721,169,005		326,395,130	87.75%	0.018580

Source of data: Bexar, Karnes, Goliad and Wilson Counties Appraisal Districts



2019 Total Taxable Value County Taxable Value Rank Taxable Value Rank Percent Percent **Bexar County** H.E. Butt Grocery Stores \$ 1.456.243.132 11.89% 21.90% 2 Microsoft Corporation 1,224,745,180 10.00% 18.42% Methodist Healthcare System 822,953,984 6.72% 3 12.38% Wal-Mart Stores. Inc. 700,442,990 5.72% 4 10.53% VHS San Antonio Partners LP 521,593,158 4.26% 5 7.84% Toyota Motor MFG Texas Inc 489,751,120 4.00% 6 7.37% USAA 370,914,110 3.03% 7 5.58% Southwestern Bell Telephone 369,021,727 3.01% 8 5.55% La Cantera Specialty Retail LP 351,191,740 2.87% 9 5.28% Halliburton Energy Services Inc. 342,258,622 2.80% 10 5.15% **Goliad County** Coleto Creek Power LP \$ 203,328,140 1.66% 1 35.22% DCP South Central Texas LLC 196,377,910 1.60% 2 34.02% DCP Sand Hills Pipeline 71,418,300 0.58% 3 12.37% AEP Texas Central Co 36,148,100 0.30% 4 6.26% Eagle Ford Gathering LLC 22,919,470 0.19% 5 3.97% Flint Hills Resources LP 15,969,710 0.13% 6 2.77% Kinder Morgan Tejas Pipeline 9,478,170 0.08% 7 1.64% DCP South Central Texas LLC 8 6,598,540 0.05% 1.14% LCRA Transmission Services 11,379,200 0.09% 9 1.97% Oryx Oilfield Services 3.610.660 0.03% 10 0.63%

2010 Total Taxable Value County Taxable Value Rank Percent Rank Taxable Value Percent **Bexar County** H.E. Butt Grocery Stores 914,751,758 1 17.73% 1 20.66% Microsoft Corporation 285,517,420 9 5.53% 6.45% Methodist Healthcare System 451,593,541 3 8.75% 3 10.20% Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. 392,639,185 5 7.61% 5 8.87% VHS San Antonio Partners LP 375,476,876 6 7.28% 6 8.48% Toyota Motor MFG Texas Inc 484,887,180 2 9.40% 2 10.95% USAA 340,749,710 8 6.61% 7 7.70% Southwestern Bell Telephone 408,853,415 4 7.93% 4 9.23% La Cantera Specialty Retail LP 563,640,000 10 10.93% 9 12.73% Frost National Bank 209,943,288 4.07% 10 4.74% **Goliad County** Coleto Creek Power LP 364,858,430 7 7.07% 1 63.67% AEP Texas Central Co 30,280,550 0.59% 4 5.28% Flint Hills Resources LP 9,287,150 0.18% 9 1.62% Milagro Exploration LLC 56,846,010 1.10% 2 9.92% Chesapeake Operating, Inc. 35,453,050 0.69% 3 6.19% Charro Operating LLC 25,850,440 0.50% 5 4.51% Ventex Operating Corporation 18,579,670 0.36% 6 3.24% 7 XTO Energy Inc. 13,946,430 0.27% 2.43% Cody Energy LLC 11,037,350 0.21% 8 1.93% Erskine Operating LLC 6,882,920 0.13% 10 1.20%

	2019						
			Total Tax	<u>kable Value</u>	County Ta	axable Value	
	Ta	xable Value	Rank	Percent	Rank	Percent	
Karnes County							
Marathon Oil Company	\$ 1	.,582,586,370	-	12.92%	1	32.63%	
EOG Resources Inc/Min Accts	1	.,187,481,190	-	9.70%	2	24.48%	
Burlington Resources Oil and Gas		654,391,960	-	5.34%	3	13.49%	
Encana Oil and Gas		489,370,796	-	4.00%	4	10.09%	
Equinor Texas Onshore Prop		258,796,950	-	2.11%	5	5.34%	
Enervest Operating LLC		247,224,140		2.02%	6	5.10%	
Murphy Exploration and Production		132,300,140	-	1.08%	7	2.73%	
ETC Texas Processing LTD		141,544,550	-	1.16%	8	2.92%	
EOG Resources Inc		75,895,230	-	0.62%	9	1.56%	
PNR USA Inc - WI & OR		81,219,850	-	0.66%	10	1.67%	
Wilson County							
Recoil Resources Inc	\$	39,255,861		0.32%	1	23.35%	
EOG Resources Inc		26,758,770		0.22%	2	15.92%	
Brazos Electric Power Coop		16,480,790		0.13%	3	9.81%	
EOG Resources Inc		15,859,790		0.13%	4	9.44%	
Stevens Transport Inc		12,371,730		0.10%	5	7.36%	
Enterprise Texas Pipeline		12,245,590		0.10%	6	7.29%	
Lazarus Energy Holdings LLC		11,842,790		0.10%	7	7.05%	
Enterprise Crude Pipline LLC		11,311,800		0.09%	8	6.73%	
HEB Grocery Company		11,075,420		0.09%	9	6.59%	
Twin Eagle Sands Logistics		10,880,910		0.09%	10	6.47%	

		2010					
				<u>Total Taxable Value</u>		County Ta	xable Value
		Tax	xable Value	Rank	Percent	Rank	Percent
Karnes County							
Enduring Resource	ces, LLC	\$	20,203,780	-	0.39%	1	19.71%
Legend Natural G	as II, LP		16,336,170	-	0.32%	2	15.93%
Pioneer Natural R	esources USA		11,610,210	-	0.23%	3	11.32%
Aqualon Compan	У		10,153,449	-	0.20%	4	9.90%
AEP-FKA Cental	Power & Light		9,905,400	-	0.19%	5	9.66%
CPT Operating Pa	artnership		9,217,729	-	0.18%	6	8.99%
Whiting Oil & Gas	s Corporation		7,936,810	-	0.15%	7	7.74%
Southwestern Bel	II Telephone		5,929,830	-	0.11%	8	5.78%
LCRA Transmissi	on Services		5,667,840	-	0.11%	9	5.53%
Walmart			5,565,645	-	0.11%	10	5.43%
Wilson County							
Brazos Electric Po	ower Coop	\$	6,506,690	-	0.13%	5	11.78%
HEB Grocery Con	npany		3,918,390	-	0.08%	6	7.09%
River Place Realty	Company		8,035,460	-	0.16%	1	14.54%
River Bend Comm	nunity LLP		7,663,020	-	0.15%	2	13.87%
Lyssy & Eckel LP			7,570,970	-	0.15%	3	13.70%
Verizon Southwe	st		7,496,670	-	0.15%	4	13.57%
Trinity Broadcasti	ng Network		3,752,810	-	0.07%	7	6.79%
Texas Tall Tower	Corporation		3,721,420	-	0.07%	8	6.74%
Lamberth Alton R	lay		3,405,930	-	0.07%	9	6.16%
Houston Pipeline	Co, LP		3,178,550	-	0.06%	10	5.75%

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Fiscal Year		
	2011	L 20)12	2013	2014	2015
Total tax levy	\$ 17,35	8,564 \$ 18,	196,453 \$	18,925,662	\$ 21,028,877	\$ 22,469,811
Collections, 2010 levy year	16,52	8,389	540,186	43,827	28,315	1,751
Collections, 2011 levy year		142 17,	298,817	668,579	43,901	2,490
Collections, 2012 levy year		-	161	18,123,625	94,052	4,561
Collections, 2013 levy year		-	-	487	20,298,182	12,501
Collections, 2014 levy year		-	-	-	-	21,473,700
Collections, 2015 levy year		-	-	-	-	-
Collections, 2016 levy year		-	-	-	-	-
Collections, 2017 levy year		-	-	-	-	-
Collections, 2018 levy year		-	-	-	-	-
Collections, 2019 levy year		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total collections, fiscal year	\$ 16,52	8,531 \$ 17,8	839,164 \$	18,836,517	\$ 20,464,450	\$ 21,495,003
Percentage of levy collected in fiscal year Percentage of levy collected in subsequer		5.22%	95.07%	95.76%	96.53%	95.57%
fiscal years		3.53%	3.92%	0.52%	0.02%	0.02%
Percentage of total levy collected	9	8.75%	98.98%	96.28%	96.55%	95.59%
Percent of levy outstanding		1.25%	1.02%	3.72%	3.45%	4.41%
			Fiscal Year			Total
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	by Levy Year
Total tax levy	\$ 24,872,736	\$ 26,332,580	\$ 27,233,924	\$ 31,367,034	\$ 34,999,393	
Collections, 2010 levy year	19,930	3,202	4,213	2,831	2,045	17,174,690
Collections, 2011 levy year	23,473	5,957	5,766	1,144	2,377	18,052,646
Collections, 2012 levy year	24,807	12,154	13,759		2,424	18,280,283
Collections, 2013 levy year	29,086	13,736	15,307		3,194	20,388,350
Collections, 2014 levy year	78,577	19,234	17,218		10,732	21,616,382
Collections, 2015 levy year	23,870,313	105,919	(11,185		19,072	23,997,913
Collections, 2016 levy year	-	25,527,921	(10,615			25,521,269
Collections, 2017 levy year	-	-	27,193,623	48,321	3,827	27,245,771
Collections, 2018 levy year	-	-	-	31,261,959	70,727	31,332,686
Collections, 2019 levy year					33,602,267	33,062,267
Total collections, fiscal year	\$ 24,046,186	\$ 25,688,123	\$ 27,228,085	\$ 31,364,839	\$ 33,721,357	\$ 237,212,256
Percentage of levy collected in fiscal year Percentage of levy collected in subsequent	96.70%	97.56%	100.00%	100.00%	95.33%	
fiscal years	0.11%	0.05%	0.05%	0.38%	0.38%	
Percentage of total levy collected						
,	96.81%	97.61%	100.05%	100.38%	96.73%	

Source of data: Bexar, Karnes, Goliad and Wilson Counties Assesors

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBY BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	G	overnmental Activ	ities	Business-type Activities		es			
Fiscal	Improvement Revenue	Lease Revenue	Capital	Revenue	Notes	Capital	Total Primary	Percentage of Personal	Per
Year	Bonds	Bond	Leases	Bonds	Payable	Leases	Government	Income	Capita
2011	\$ 36,981,846	\$ 3,950,000	\$ 1,069,200	\$ 20,337,816	\$1,191,067	\$ 225,548	\$63,755,477	81.30%	\$ 36.86
2012	33,083,735	3,755,000	601,472	19,419,896	1,162,879	121,653	58,144,635	73.05%	32.99
2013	30,904,445	3,555,000	513,592	18,456,976	1,134,691	40,449	54,605,153	63.33%	29.47
2014	32,147,230	3,100,000	266,318	17,629,375	1,106,503	-	54,249,426	60.04%	28.97
2015	29,843,974	2,957,000	169,030	16,727,223	1,078,315	=	50,775,542	56.19%	27.11
2016	28,405,725	2,836,000	114,219	15,780,071	1,050,127	-	48,186,142	50.52%	24.39
2017	25,612,471	2,714,000	57,890	14,802,919	1,021,939	=	44,209,219	46.35%	22.37
2018	22,774,217	2,591,000	-	23,422,538	993,751	-	49,781,506	45.22%	24.89
2019	20,075,000	2,466,000	-	21,915,371	965,563	-	45,421,934	35.44%	23.40
2020	16,915,000	12,939,000	-	43,463,852	937,375	=	74,255,227	48.50%	35.75

Note: Details regarding the Authority's outstanding debt can be found in the notes of the financial statements.

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY REVENUE BOND COVERAGE WASTEWATER FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Net Revenue				
Fiscal	Gross	Operating	Available for	Debt 9	Service Requireme	ents (3)	
Year	Revenues (1)	Expenses (2)	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2011	\$ 9,144,699	\$ 7,599,176	\$ 1,545,523	\$ 385,000	\$ 197,975	\$ 582,975	\$ 2.65
2012	10,708,964	6,843,473	3,865,491	710,000	683,879	1,393,879	2.77
2013	10,128,821	7,264,112	2,864,709	750,000	588,971	1,338,971	2.14
2014	7,196,194	5,450,840	1,745,354	605,000	495,775	1,100,775	1.59
2015	7,752,963	6,019,688	1,733,275	655,000	485,675	1,140,675	1.52
2016	9,937,802	7,026,561	2,911,241	690,000	475,375	1,165,375	2.50
2017	10,871,964	6,851,643	4,020,321	710,000	454,125	1,164,125	3.45
2018	12,999,416	8,558,868	4,440,548	735,000	430,451	1,165,451	3.81
2019	15,789,157	6,039,895	9,749,262	1,890,000	469,417	2,359,417	4.13
2020	15,812,977	5,997,909	9,815,068	1,680,000	432,992	2,112,992	4.65

⁽¹⁾ Total revenues include income and receipts of that portion of the system which guarantees debt service coverage.

⁽²⁾ Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and River Authority allocations.

⁽³⁾ Includes actual principal and interest payments of revenue bonds (not average P & I for debt service coverage).

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental-type activities:										
General Government:										
Board of Directors	1.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	12
Executive Offices	3.4	12	9	5	5	6	11	13	13	13
Intergovernmental & Community										
Relations	10	11	14	15	15	15	15	15	16	16
Human Resources	5	7	6	7	7	7	6	6	6	6
Director of Support Services	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Finance	16	16	16	13	13	13	14	14	16	16
Information Technology and GIS	7	12	13	11	11	12	14	18	18	18
General Manager	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Assistant General Manager	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Director of Internal Resources	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Internal Resources	4.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Organizational Support	1	3	2	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
Administrative Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Technical Services:										
Director of Technical Services	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Environmental Sciences	24	25	26	27	30	36	38	38	40	41
Real Estate	4	4	5	4	4	4.5	5	5	7	7
Engineering	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Watershed Engineering	0	29	32	28.5	31	28.5	27	30	32	31
Watershed Management	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Operations:										
Director of Operations	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Facilities	0	3.5	3.5	3.5	4.5	6.5	6	6.5	7	7
Parks	9.1	10	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Watershed and Parks Operations	41.4	55	52	63	65	64	71	75	78	81
Engineering Water Resources & Community	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Development	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Business-type activities:										
Operations:										
Utilities _	64.2	52.5	52.5	52.5	52.5	52.5	53	51.5	52	52
Total	231	240	240	230.5	239	249	260	272	301	304

Source: The River Authority Human Resources Department

San Antonio River Authority

Creation by act of legislature May 5, 1937
Form of government Elected Board of Directors
Number of Board of Directors 12
Area of jurisdiction (in square miles) 3,677

Government facilities and County location:

Main office – administrationBexar County, TexasEnvironmental Center – technical servicesBexar County, Texas

Parks operated and maintained by the River Authority

Braunig Lake Park (dissolved November 30, 2009) Bexar County, Texas Calaveras Lake Park (dissolved November 30, 2009) Bexar County, Texas Jackson Nature Park Wilson County, Texas J.W. Helton San Antonio River Nature Park Wilson County, Texas Graytown Park on the San Antonio River Wilson County, Texas Branch River Park Goliad County, Texas River Crossing on the San Antonio River Bexar County, Texas Mann's Crossing on the Medina River Bexar County, Texas Trueheart Ranch Bexar County, Texas Confluence Park Bexar County, Texas Museum Reach Bexar County, Texas Mission Reach Bexar County, Texas San Pedro Creek Bexar County, Texas



San Antonio River Authority Wastewater System

Upper Martinez Sewage Treatment Plant and Collection System

Martinez II Sewage Treatment Plant and Collection System

Bexar County, Texas

Martinez III Sewage Treatment Plant and Collection System

Bexar County, Texas

Highway 181 Sewage Treatment Plant and Collection System

Bexar County, Texas

Salatrillo Wastewater System

Salatrillo Sewage Treatment Plant Bexar County, Texas
Salatrillo Retail Collection System Bexar County, Texas

Randolph Air ForceBase Collection System Bexar County, Texas

Utility Contracts:

Goliad Water Supply Corporation
Goliad County, Texas
City of Goliad Operations and Maintenance
Goliad County, Texas
La Vernia Wastewater Treatment
Wilson County, Texas
Somerset Wastewater Treatment
Bexar County, Texas
Somerset Junior High School Operations and Maintenance
Bexar County, Texas
Alamo Colleges First Responders Academy Wastewater Treatme
Bexar County, Texas

Combined Wastewater Treatment Facilities

Number	Number of Single-		
of Sewage	Family Residence	Daily Average	Daily Design
Treatment	Connection	Treatment	Capacity of Plants
Facilities	Customers	(in gallons)	(in gallons)
5	32,352	7,141,000	10,280,000
5	29,232	7,539,000	10,280,000
6	29,559	7,550,746	11,715,000
6	29,796	7,364,446	11,805,000
6	32,082	8,296,966	11,805,000
6	31,029	9,138,247	11,805,000
6	32,070	8,882,045	11,805,000
6	32,163	7,815,366	11,805,000
6	35,148	8,480,798	11,905,000
5	36,547	8,069,995	11,815,000
	of Sewage Treatment Facilities 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	of Sewage Family Residence Treatment Connection Facilities Customers 5 32,352 5 29,232 6 29,559 6 29,796 6 32,082 6 31,029 6 32,070 6 32,163 6 35,148	of Sewage Family Residence Daily Average Treatment Connection Treatment Facilities Customers (in gallons) 5 32,352 7,141,000 5 29,232 7,539,000 6 29,559 7,550,746 6 29,796 7,364,446 6 32,082 8,296,966 6 31,029 9,138,247 6 32,070 8,882,045 6 32,163 7,815,366 6 35,148 8,480,798

Source: The River Authority Utilities Department

San Antonio River (250 miles)

Bexar County and Wilson County,
Segment 1911- 86 miles
Texas
Karnes County and Goliad
Segment 1901- 154 miles
County, Texas

Watershed & Park Operations:

Unit 1, Bexar County Operations Center

Unit 2, Karnes County Operations Center

Unit 3, Bergs Mill Operations Center

Bexar County, Texas

Bexar County, Texas

Unit 4, Urban Reach Operation Center

Unit 5, Mission Reach Operations Center

Bexar County, Texas

Bexar County, Texas

Unit 6, San Juan Pump Station

Bexar County, Texas

Retention Dams

Calaveras Creek Watershed - 7

Salado Creek Watershed - 14

Bexar County, Texas

Martinez Creek Watershed - 6

Bexar County, Texas

Medina River Watershed - 1

Bexar County, Texas

Medina River Watershed - 1

Karnes County, Texas

Channel Maintenance

Nichols Creek Channel – 2.07 miles

Escondido Creek- 1.5 miles

Karnes County, Texas

Karnes County, Texas

Karnes County, Texas

San Antonio River Urban Segment Operations – 1.5 miles

Bexar County, Texas

San Antonio River Eagleland Segment Operations – 1 mile

Bexar County, Texas

San Antonio River Mission Segment Operations – 8 miles

Bexar County, Texas

Asylum Creek- .8 miles

Bexar County, Texas



<u>Education</u>. The Bexar County area offers 15 public independent school districts (ISDs), as well as over 90 private, parochial, magnet and charter schools.

Independent Calcad District Tatal # of seminary

6 12 22		
12		
22		
3		
23		
33		
3		
82		
116		
3		
99		
8		
16		
8		
18		
452		

Source of data: Texas Education Agency

<u>Residential/Construction</u>. The Lone Star State is also attracting people from all over the country. Rising prices may keep some from participating in the market and high property taxes can deter the expected growth, but the reality is, San Antonio continues to rank as one of the best places to live across the nation.

There is a lot of construction activity going on especially in the entry-level single-family homes to satisfy the principals of supply and demand. This is expected to bring in a larger number of prospective buyers looking for homes under \$200,000. Single family home statistics as of December 2019 are presented below.

Single Family

Sales	Sales	% Change	Average	Avg Price	% Change	Median	Med Price	% Change
	Year Ago	Year Ago	Price	Year Ago	Year Ago	Price	Year Ago	Year Ago
34,430	32,214	7%	\$270,275	\$259,449	4%	\$233,800	\$225,500	4%
Price/	Price/SF	% Change	DOM	DOM	% Change	New	Active	Pending
Sqft	Year Ago	Year Ago		Year Ago	Year Ago	Listings	Listings	Sales
126	120	5%	59	58	3%	47,088	10,074	31,450

Courtesy: San Antonio Board of REALTORS®

SABOR Multiple Listing Service Report: Home Sales Recap

	March 2018	March 2019	March 2020
Total Month Sales	2,780 (6% increase)	2,886 (5% increase)	3,013 (4% increase)
Average Price	\$253,096 (4% increase)	\$260,707 (3% increase)	\$277,256 (6% increase)
Median Price	\$219,900 (8% increase)	\$226,800 (3% increase)	\$240,000 (6% increase)

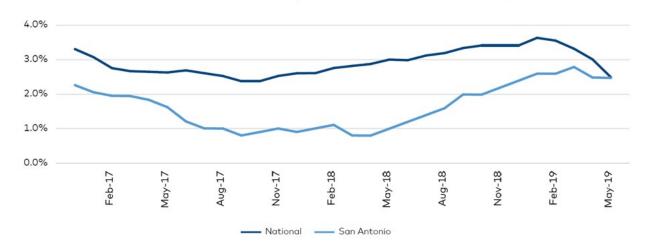
^{*}Percentage increases are based on a year-over-year comparison.

Screenshot Courtesy: SABOR

Before the pandemic hit the nation in early 2020, even though the San Antonio housing market had cooled off a bit, the home values were expected to climb but at a slower pace in 2020. Realtor.com predicted that prices for single-family homes in the San Antonio metro area will climb by just 0.8 percent in 2020. According to the latest MLS report by the San Antonio Board of Realtors, since the start of 2020, there have been 9,089 active listings and 16,840 total home sales in the city with an average of 64 days on the market.

As of summer 2019, the nation's seventh-largest city (San Antonio) was facing a sizable economic shift, which was spilling over into the multifamily market. Despite continued robust supply, year-over-year rent growth in San Antonio was on par with the U.S. average, at 2.5 percent through May 2019, more than double the figure recorded in the prior year. The surge in completions met healthy demand and the occupancy rate in stabilized assets inched up 20 basis points over 12 months, to 92.9 percent as of April 2019.

San Antonio vs. National Rent Growth (Sequential 3 Month, Year-Over-Year)



Source: https://www.multihousingnews.com/post/san-antonio-multifamily-report-summer-2019/

<u>Population/Demographics</u>. San Antonio is currently growing at a rate of 1.47% annually and its population has increased by 18.88% since the last census, which recorded a population of 1,327,410 in 2010. Spanning over 491 miles, San Antonio has a population density of 3,253 people per square mile.

Population / Demographics

Year	San Antonio	Bexar County	MSA
2010	1,327,410	1,665,892	2,090,692
2011	1,337,897	1,696,677	2,133,553
2012	1,382,951	1,785,704	2,156,984
2013	1,387,267	1,804,964	2,256,780
2014	1,416,291	1,861,562	2,336,330
2015	1,440,900	1,904,785	2,394,156
2016	1,500,000	1,928,680	2,429,609
2017	1,492,510	1,932,383	2,473,974
2018	1,532,233	1,986,049	2,473,974
2019	1,547,253	2,003,554	2,562,970

^{*}These figures are an estimate. (The source of these figures is the San Antonio Economic Development Foundation)

Jurisdictional Population

	Bexar	Goliad	Karnes	Wilson	
Year	County	County	County	County	Total
2010	1,665,892	7,389	14,824	42,918	1,731,023
2011	1,696,677	7,243	14,970	43,697	1,762,587
2012	1,785,704	7,351	14,896	44,432	1,852,383
2013	1,804,964	7,448	14,782	45,438	1,872,632
2014	1,861,562	7,549	14,906	46,402	1,930,419
2015	1,904,785	8,023	15,826	47,268	1,975,902
2016	1,928,680	7,517	15,254	48,480	1,999,931
2017	1,932,383	7,730	15,420	48,858	2,004,391
2018	1,986,049	7,584	15,650	50,224	2,059,507
2019	2,003,554	7,658	15,601	51,070	2,077,883

Statistics provided by the Texas State Data Center

Employment. Workers in the San Antonio-New Braunfels, TX Metropolitan Statistical Area had an average (mean) hourly wage of \$22.70 in May 2019, 12 percent below the nationwide average of \$25.72, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today.

When compared to the nationwide distribution, San Antonio area employment was more highly concentrated in 5 of the 22 occupational groups including office and administrative support, food preparation and serving related, and healthcare support. Ten groups had employment shares significantly below their national representation, including production, transportation and material moving, and management.

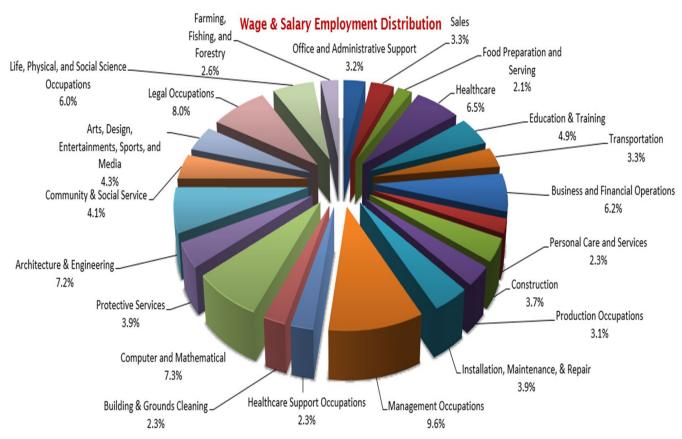
Personal Income and Unemployment Statistics

	Per	rsonal Income				
	(amo	ounts expressed	Pe	er Capita	Unemployment	
Year	ir	thousands)	Perso	onal Income	Rate (Annualized)	
2010	\$	78,416,347	\$	33,857	7.30%	
2011		79,596,000		34,969	7.40%	
2012		86,218,000		36,781	6.50%	
2013		90,361,000		39,597	6.00%	
2014		90,361,000		25,546	4.30%	
2015		95,382,108		26,209	3.80%	
2016		110,094,570		26,209	4.00%	
2017		108,416,348		26,278	3.48%	
2018		140,449,977		27,280	4.00%	
2019		153,090,475		27,969	2.80%	

Data Sources

- Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economic Information System
- US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
- Comerica Regional Economic Update

The largest companies based in San Antonio include HEB Grocery Company, USAA, Bill Miller Bar-B-Q, Frost Bank, Valero Energy, Rackspace, Southwest Research Institute, Toyota Motor Manufacturing, Clear Channel Communications, KCI, and Harland Clarke. During the past 10 years, job growth in San Antonio has concentrated in traditionally 'high skill, high wage' industry sectors.



Source data: San Antonio Economic Development Foundation

Military Installations. The military is a strong part of our history and San Antonio has been labeled "Military City, USA". As home to not one, not two, but four major military installations know as Joint Base San Antonio or JBSA (Randolph AFB, Lackland AFB, Fort Sam Houston, and Camp Bullis), San Antonio is undeniably abuzz with patriotic energy, drawing in not only active duty military members, but also retirees, veterans, and civilian employees. JBSA employs nearly 20% of the population or approximately 80,000 people and hosts over 130,000 students annually. Lackland Air Force is responsible for the basic training of all enlisted recruits for the Air Force. Randolph is labeled as "The Showplace of the Air Force" and is one of the most active flying training centers. Randolph conducts the only graduate level courses in instrument flying. Fort Sam Houston is located on 3,300 acres and is known as the "Home of Army Medicine". San Antonio Army Medical Center is also located there and is recognized as the Defense Department Center of Medical Excellence due their extensive research and treatment for burn, blunt trauma and amputee injuries. In 2018, Department of Defense activities in San Antonio generated an economic impact of \$48.7 billion.





San Pedro Creek San Antonio, Bexar County



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors San Antonio River Authority San Antonio, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the San Antonio River Authority, (the "River Authority") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the San Antonio River Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 7, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the River Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the River Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the River Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the River Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Baker Tilly US, LLP (formerly known as Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP)

Baker Tilly US, LLP

Austin, Texas October 7, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Directors San Antonio River Authority San Antonio, Texas

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the San Antonio River Authority's, (the "River Authority"), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the River Authority's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020. The River Authority's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and guestioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the River Authority's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the River Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the River Authority's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the River Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the River Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the River Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the River Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Baker Tilly US, LLP (formerly known as Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP)

Baker Tilly US, LLP

Austin, Texas October 7, 2020

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA #	Grant/Contract Number	Disbursements/ Expenditures
United States Department of Homeland Security/Federal Emergency Management Agency/Cooperating Technical Partners (LOMR)	97.045	EMT-2018-CA-00002	\$ 155,842
United States Department of Homeland Security/Federal Emergency Management Agency/Cooperating Technical Partners (CTP Risk Map)-Cibolo Risk Map Phase II	97.045	EMT-2018-CA-00014	113,614
United States Department of Homeland Security/Federal Emergency Management Agency/Cooperating Technical Partners (CTP Risk Map)-Medina Risk Map Phase II	97.045	EMT-2017-CA-00009-S01	12,749
United States Department of Homeland Security/Federal Emergency Management Agency/Cooperating Technical Partners (CTP Risk Map)-Cibolo Creek Risk Map	97.045	EMW-2014-CA-K00215	173,094
United States Department of Homeland Security/Federal Emergency Management Agency/Cooperating Technical Partners (CTP Risk Map)-Lower San Antonio Risk Map	97.045	EMW-2015-CA-00058	309,174
United States Department of Homeland Security/Federal Emergency Management Agency/Cooperating Technical Partners (CTP Risk Map)-Upper SA River Risk Map	97.045	EMT-2016-CA-000025	34,720
United States Department of Homeland Security/Federal Emergency Management Agency/Cooperating Technical Partners (CTP Risk Map)- Business Update Plan	97.045	EMT-2016-CA-000022-S01	93,933
United States Department of Defense/Defense Energy Support Center/Randolph Air Force Base, Texas	12.999	SP0600-03-8266	597,478
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 1,490,604

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "schedule") includes the federal award activity of the River Authority under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the River Authority, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the River Authority.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual or modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

The underlying accounting records for some grant programs are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred. The accounting records for other grant programs are maintained on the accrual basis, i.e., when the revenue has been earned and the liability is incurred.

- 3. The River Authority has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as covered in 2 CFR section 200.714
- 4. Of the expenditures presented in the schedule, the River Authority did not provide any awards to subrecipients.

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Section A – Summary of Auditors' Results

Section A – Summary of Auditors Results	
1. Financial Statements	
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the accordance with GAAP: <i>Unmodified</i>	he financial statements audited were prepared in
Internal control over financial reporting:	
> Material weakness (es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
> Significant deficiency (ies) identified?	Yes X None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statement noted?	ts YesX No
2. Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
> Material weakness (es) identified?	YesX No
> Significant deficiency (ies) identified?	Yes X None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance	for major programs: Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance?	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	XYes No
Identification of major federal programs:	
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
97.045	Cooperating Technical Partners
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$ 750,000

SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Section B – Financial Statement Findings

No findings were reported.

Section C – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings were reported.